KMB: Kumba Resources Limited - Renewal Of Cauti...

Kumba Resources Limited - Renewal Of Cautionary Announcement

Kumba Resources Limited

Incorporated in the Republic of South Africa

(Registration Number: 2000/011076/06)

Share Code: KMB ISIN: ZAE000034310

(Kumba)

RENEWAL OF CAUTIONARY ANNOUNCEMENT

Further to the cautionary announcement published on 5 January 2006 relating to a proposed empowerment transaction (The Transaction), Kumba shareholders are advised that the parties have completed the due diligence investigations and are in the process of finalising the valuations and the requisite legal agreements. It is envisaged that the Transaction will be implemented in the second quarter

Accordingly, Kumba shareholders are advised to exercise caution when dealing in their Kumba shares until such a time as a further announcement is published. Pretoria

13 February 2006

Sponsor: J.P.Morgan Equities Limited

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KMB: Kumba and Chinese partners to expand Chife...

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China

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2 February 2006

KUMBA AND CHINESE PARTNERS TO EXPAND CHIFENG ZINC SMELTER IN INNER MONGOLIA,

CHINA

Kumba Resources Limited (Kumba) has concluded agreements with five Chinese companies to expand the zinc metal production capacity of the Chifeng Zinc Smelter in Inner Mongolia, China, from 50 000tpa to a targeted 110 000tpa over a three-year period.

In terms of the agreements, the smelter will be managed by a new company, Chifeng NFC Kumba Hongye Zinc Corporation Limited (CNKH), an equity joint venture comprising China Nonferrous Metal Industrys Foreign Engineering and Construction Corporation Limited (NFC), Kumba, the existing partners in the Chifeng smelter, namely Chifeng Hongye Zinc Smelting Company Limited and Chifeng Baiyinnuoer Lead Zinc Mine Company Limited, and new partners Chifeng City Power Engineering General Company and Xinbaerhuyouqi Xinxin Mine Company Limited. Kumba will hold an effective interest of 23% in the total complex at full production.

The joint venture partners provide a strong combination of engineering, mining and smelting expertise. Together with a stable supply of electricity and concentrate, the expanded operation will enhance the value of the company to the benefit of all stakeholders, said Nazir Jogiat, general manager of Kumbas base metals division.

The agreements are subject to approval from the relevant Chinese authorities and once this is obtained, construction will begin with completion expected by end 2006. Although this is a tight construction schedule, our Chinese partners have demonstrated their ability to build such a facility in the allotted period. The considerable experience and expertise of NFC in this field will further enhance this capability, said Jogiat.

China has become the worlds most important market for base metals and over the next decade Kumba expects huge potential in the country for further growth in consumption of commodities such as zinc and copper.

Editors Note:

ABOUT THE CHIFENG ZINC SMELTER

The Chifeng Zinc Smelter is located at two sites in the Chifeng Municipality in the Inner Mongolia Autonomous Region. The main roasting and acid plant is situated in Lindong, while the wet processing facility is situated in Chifeng City, located some 700km and 350km respectively north-east of Beijing. An agreement was signed on 29 August 2002 to expand the then 24 000tpa operation to a 50 000tpa zinc slab producer in which expansion Kumba held a 60% stake. In 2005 the smelter produced more than 48 000 tons of zinc, well on its way to achieve the targeted 50 000 tons per annum.

ABOUT KUMBA RESOURCES LIMITED

One of the largest South African-based mining companies listed on the JSE Securities Exchange, Kumba Resources is a focused metals and mining company with a diverse commodity portfolio consisting of iron ore, heavy minerals, coal, base metals and industrial minerals. www.kumbaresources.com

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Sponsor: J.P.Morgan Equities Limited

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Kumba Resources Limited - Audited Abridged Group Financial Results For Year

Ended 31 December 2005 KUMBA RESOURCES LIMITED

Incorporated in the Republic of South Africa

(Registration Number: 2000/011076/06)

Share Code: KMB

ISIN Number: ZAE000034310

("Kumba")

audited abridged group Financial Results for year ended 31 December 2005

Harnessing the power of the earth

Record production and buoyant sales volumes

Revenue up 37%

Net operating profit up 171%, excluding Hope Downs settlement

Headline earnings per share up 219%

Final dividend of 160 cents per share (540 cents per share for the financial

year including special dividend)

Net debt to equity ratio of 19%

Creating South Africa's flagship empowerment company and separately listed iron

ore company

Group income statement

Group income statement			
	12-months	18-months	
	ended	ended	
	31 Dec	31 Dec	£23,
	2005	2004	TOWN TAN
		Restated	45 E
	Audited	Audited	
	Rm	Rm	789 E
Revenue	11 962	12 600	
Operating expenses	(7 075)	(10 755)	
Net operating profit	4 887	1 845	Luini -
Net financing costs (note 3)	(231)	(424)	1 2
Share of (losses)/income from equity	7	(42)	Z.17
accounted investments (note 11)			
Profit before taxation (note 3)	4 663	1 379	53
Taxation	(1 412)	(423)	177
Profit for the period	3 251	956	(***
Attributable to:			
Equity holders of the parent	3 190	891	
Minority interest	61	65	
Net profit	3 251	956	
Ordinary shares (million)			
- in issue	306	302	
- weighted average number of shares	304	300	
- diluted weighted average number of	311	302	
shares			
Attributable earnings per share (cents)			
- basic (2004 as previously reported)	1 049	314	
- basic restated for December 2004		297	
- diluted (2004 as previously reported)	1 026	312	
- diluted restated for December 2004		295	
Dividend paid per share (cents) in	90	60	
respect of the previous financial year			
Dividend paid per share (cents) in	160		
respect of the interim period			
Special dividend paid per share (cents)	220		
in respect of the interim period			
Final dividend declared per share	160		
(cents) in respect of this financial			
vear			
Dividend paid per share (cents) in		20	
respect of the first interim period		= -	
Dividend paid per share (cents) in		35	
respect of the second interim period			
Toppool of one begoing fineering period			

Final dividend declared per share (cents) in respect of this 18-month period		90
Reconciliation of headline earnings Net profit attributable to ordinary shareholders	3 190	891
- Impairment charges - Share of associates' goodwill amortisation	28	35 27
Goodwill amortisationExcess of minority interest over cost of acquisition	(95)	(6)
- Share of associates' exceptional items - Net deficit on disposal or scrapping		20
of property, plant and equipment - Net surplus on disposal of investment	2 (1 179)	48 (72)
Closure cost (note 5)Minority interest on adjustmentsTaxation effect of adjustments	(1) 428	35 (12)
Headline earnings Headline earnings per share (cents) - basic (2004 as previously reported)	2 373 781	966 339
 basic restated for December 2004 diluted (2004 as previously reported) diluted restated for December 2004 	763	322 337 320
Group balance sheet	At 31 Dec 2005	At 31 Dec 2004
	Audited Rm	Restated Audited Rm
ASSETS Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment Biological assets Intangible assets Goodwill (note 7)	8 826 28 61	8 476 31 71 (53)
<pre>Investments in associates and joint ventures (note 9 & 12) - listed</pre>		6
- unlisted Deferred taxation (note 10) Other financial assets (note 9)	95 339 392 9 741	79 258 286 9 154
Current assets Inventories Trade and other receivables Cash and cash equivalents	1 481 2 066 1 483 5 030	1 348 1 365 1 297 4 010
Non-current assets classified as held for sale Total assets EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	11 14 782	13 164
Capital and reserves Ordinary shareholders' funds Minority interest Total shareholders' funds Non-current liabilities	7 377 9 7 386	5 289 1 197 6 486
Interest-bearing borrowings Other long-term payables Non-current provisions (note 8) Deferred taxation	1 963 604 727 1 006 4 300	2 331 609 599 1 040 4 579
Current liabilities Trade and other payables Interest-bearing borrowings Taxation Current provisions	1 388 911 773 24	1 061 836 182 20
00220110	3 096	

Total equity and liabilities Net debt (note 14) Net asset value per share (cents) Capital expenditure	14 782 1 391 2 411	13 164 1 870 1 751
 incurred contracted authorised but not contracted Contingent liabilities Operating lease commitments Operating sublease rentals receivable Capital expenditure contracted relating to captive mines (Thabazimbi and 	1 044 1 635 2 182 82 163 1	1 396 219 668 36 167 28 27
Tshikondeni), which will be financed by Mittal Steel (South Africa) Group cash flow		
	12-months ended 31 Dec 2005	18-months ended 31 Dec 2004 Restated
	Audited Rm	Audited Rm
<pre>Cash retained from operations - net financing costs - taxation paid - dividends paid (note 13)</pre>	3 864 (189) (821) (1 447)	2 661 (355) (313) (361)
Cash used in investing activities - capital expenditure - proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	(1 044) 23	(1 396) 138
 proceeds from disposal of investment proceeds from disposal of associate increase in investment in subsidiaries - buy out of Ticor Ltd 	1 179	100
minorities - other Net cash inflow	68 459	(159) 315
- cash flows from issue of shares - borrowings (repaid)	128 (401)	132 (126)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	186	321
Adjusted opening balance Increase in cash and cash equivalents due to the proportionate consolidation of joint ventures (note 12)	1 297 39	976 12
Cash and cash equivalents beginning of period as previously disclosed	1 258	964
Cash and cash equivalents end of period	1 483	1 297
Calculation of movement in net debt: Net cash inflow - shares issued	459 128	315 132
- loans from minority shareholders - non-cash increase in loans due to joint ventures now consolidated	2 (1)	(1)
- non-cash flow movements in net debt applicable to special purpose entities		(22)
- non-cash flow movements in net debt applicable to currency translation differences of transactions	(96)	101
denominated in foreign currency - non-cash flow movements in net debt applicable to currency translation differences of net debt items of foreign entities	(13)	(33)
Decrease in net debt Group statement of changes in equity	479	492
	12-months ended 31 Dec 2005	18-months ended 31 Dec 2004

	Audited	Restated Audited
Shareholders' funds at beginning of	Rm 6 486	Rm 4 895
period as previously reported Minority interest opening balance		1 191
Prior period adjustment - Environmental rehabilitation		(136)
provision (note 8) - Deferred tax asset (note 10)		93
- Deferred tax asset minority interest (note 10)		87
<pre>IFRS adjustments - negative goodwill adjustment (note 7)</pre>	53	
- decommissioning asset restated Shareholders' funds at beginning of	7 6 546	6 130
period Changes in share capital and premium		
- issue of shares		
- share premium (1) - movement in shares held by	132 12	132 33
Management Share Trust	12	33
Changes in non-distributable reserves	4.54	(001)
- currency translation differences - financial instruments movements	171 (101)	(301) 10
- realised in associate and joint	(101)	(11)
venture		
- share-based payment charges for the period (note 6)	38	30
- transfer of insurance reserve		(5)
- transfer to retained income		(9)
- transfer of attributable reserves of	(20)	
<pre>equity accounted investments (note 11) - deferred tax</pre>	4	
Changes in minority interest		
- currency translation differences	60	(133)
income charge for the periodminority share of reserve movements	61 (97)	65 4
- minority share of dividends	(17)	(17)
- minority buy out	(1 194)	, ,
- issue of share capital	10	
Changes in retained income	3 190	0.01
net profit for the yeardividends paid (note 13)	(1 430)	891 (344)
- reduction in dividends paid to	(1 120)	2
Management Share Trust (note 13)		
- transfer of attributable reserves of	20	
<pre>equity accounted investments (note 11) - transfer from translation reserve</pre>	1	9
Shareholders' funds at end of period	7 386	6 486
(1) Issued to the Management Share Opti		
(2) A final dividend declared after yea at 12,5% (R61 million) will be payable		
Notes to the group financial results	on the arv	ridena.
1. Basis of preparation		
This abridged report complies with Inte		
Financial Reporting, and schedule 4 of group financial results have been prepa		
excluding financial instruments and bio		
conform to South African Statements of	Generally	Accepted Accounting Practice
and International Financial Reporting S		
consistent with those applied in the fi ended 31 December 2004 except for the c		
Where applicable prior years have been		
2. Change of year-end	_	
The group changed its year-end from 30 the year-end of its majority shareholde		
previous period resulting in an 18-mont		
Consequently the amounts for correspond	ling items	in the income statement,
changes in equity, cash flows and relat		

changes in equity, cash flows and related notes are not comparable.

3. Profit before taxation is arrived at af			
Depreciation and amortisation of	(898)	(977)	
intangible assets	(090)	(311)	
Financing costs	(381)	(471)	
Interest received	150	47	
Net realised foreign exchange			
<pre>gains/(losses) on:</pre>			
- currency exchange differences	225	(210)	
- revaluation of derivative instruments	(64)	173	
Net unrealised foreign exchange			
gains/(losses) on:	(56)	101	
- currency exchange differences - revaluation of derivative instruments	(76)	121	
Fair value adjustment on financial assets	83 43	(124) 28	
Fair value adjustment on financial	5	(5)	
liabilities	_		
Impairment charges (note 4)	(28)	(35)	
Goodwill amortisation		6	
Excess of minority interest over cost of	95		,
acquisition			- 1
Net surplus on disposal of investments	1 179	72	
Net deficit on disposal of property,	(2)	(48)	
plant and equipment	(22)	(0.0)	
Share-based payment expense (note 6)	(38)	(30)	
4. Impairment charges and reversals		(00)	:
Impairment of cyanide chemicals plant Impairment of property, plant and	(3)	(89) (15)	
equipment	(3)	(13)	
Reversal of impairment of shipping assets		90	
Reversal of impairment of other fixed	2	1	
assets			
Impairment of intangible assets	(20)	(11)	
Impairment of investments	(7)	(11)	
	(28)	(35)	
Taxation effect	(55)	()	
	(28)	(35)	
5. Closure of Ticor chemicals plant On 21 April 2004 Ticor Ltd. Australia			
On 21 April 2004 Ticor Ltd, Australia			
On 21 April 2004 Ticor Ltd, Australia announced its intention to discontinue			
On 21 April 2004 Ticor Ltd, Australia announced its intention to discontinue its chemicals business, included in the			٠
On 21 April 2004 Ticor Ltd, Australia announced its intention to discontinue its chemicals business, included in the heavy minerals segment. The revenue,			
On 21 April 2004 Ticor Ltd, Australia announced its intention to discontinue its chemicals business, included in the			
On 21 April 2004 Ticor Ltd, Australia announced its intention to discontinue its chemicals business, included in the heavy minerals segment. The revenue, operating results, assets, liabilities			
On 21 April 2004 Ticor Ltd, Australia announced its intention to discontinue its chemicals business, included in the heavy minerals segment. The revenue, operating results, assets, liabilities and cash flow of the chemicals business	1	217	
On 21 April 2004 Ticor Ltd, Australia announced its intention to discontinue its chemicals business, included in the heavy minerals segment. The revenue, operating results, assets, liabilities and cash flow of the chemicals business for the current and previous periods are: Revenue Expenses	1 2	192	
On 21 April 2004 Ticor Ltd, Australia announced its intention to discontinue its chemicals business, included in the heavy minerals segment. The revenue, operating results, assets, liabilities and cash flow of the chemicals business for the current and previous periods are: Revenue Expenses Provision for closure		192 35	
On 21 April 2004 Ticor Ltd, Australia announced its intention to discontinue its chemicals business, included in the heavy minerals segment. The revenue, operating results, assets, liabilities and cash flow of the chemicals business for the current and previous periods are: Revenue Expenses Provision for closure Provision for impairment	2	192 35 89	
On 21 April 2004 Ticor Ltd, Australia announced its intention to discontinue its chemicals business, included in the heavy minerals segment. The revenue, operating results, assets, liabilities and cash flow of the chemicals business for the current and previous periods are: Revenue Expenses Provision for closure Provision for impairment Pre-tax loss		192 35 89 (102)	
On 21 April 2004 Ticor Ltd, Australia announced its intention to discontinue its chemicals business, included in the heavy minerals segment. The revenue, operating results, assets, liabilities and cash flow of the chemicals business for the current and previous periods are: Revenue Expenses Provision for closure Provision for impairment Pre-tax loss Income tax expense	2 (3)	192 35 89 (102) 28	
On 21 April 2004 Ticor Ltd, Australia announced its intention to discontinue its chemicals business, included in the heavy minerals segment. The revenue, operating results, assets, liabilities and cash flow of the chemicals business for the current and previous periods are: Revenue Expenses Provision for closure Provision for impairment Pre-tax loss Income tax expense Total assets	2	192 35 89 (102) 28 76	
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On 21 April 2004 Ticor Ltd, Australia announced its intention to discontinue its chemicals business, included in the heavy minerals segment. The revenue, operating results, assets, liabilities and cash flow of the chemicals business for the current and previous periods are: Revenue Expenses Provision for closure Provision for impairment Pre-tax loss Income tax expense Total assets Total external liabilities Cash inflows from operating activities 6. Share-based payments As part of the IFRS improvements project Kumba adopted IFRS 2 Share-based payments. The adoption of IFRS 2 is made in accordance with the transitional provision of IFRS 2. Prior years' figures have been restated. The amount of the adjustment for the current and comparable	2 (3) 9 1	192 35 89 (102) 28 76	
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On 21 April 2004 Ticor Ltd, Australia announced its intention to discontinue its chemicals business, included in the heavy minerals segment. The revenue, operating results, assets, liabilities and cash flow of the chemicals business for the current and previous periods are: Revenue Expenses Provision for closure Provision for impairment Pre-tax loss Income tax expense Total assets Total external liabilities Cash inflows from operating activities 6. Share-based payments As part of the IFRS improvements project Kumba adopted IFRS 2 Share-based payments. The adoption of IFRS 2 is made in accordance with the transitional provision of IFRS 2. Prior years' figures have been restated. The amount of the adjustment for the current and comparable periods is as follows:	2 (3) 9 1 26	192 35 89 (102) 28 76 6 50	
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On 21 April 2004 Ticor Ltd, Australia announced its intention to discontinue its chemicals business, included in the heavy minerals segment. The revenue, operating results, assets, liabilities and cash flow of the chemicals business for the current and previous periods are: Revenue Expenses Provision for closure Provision for impairment Pre-tax loss Income tax expense Total assets Total external liabilities Cash inflows from operating activities 6. Share-based payments As part of the IFRS improvements project Kumba adopted IFRS 2 Share-based payments. The adoption of IFRS 2 is made in accordance with the transitional provision of IFRS 2. Prior years' figures have been restated. The amount of the adjustment for the current and comparable periods is as follows: Income statement impact Reduction of profit and loss for the period Balance sheet impact Retained income decrease	2 (3) 9 1 26	192 35 89 (102) 28 76 6 50	
On 21 April 2004 Ticor Ltd, Australia announced its intention to discontinue its chemicals business, included in the heavy minerals segment. The revenue, operating results, assets, liabilities and cash flow of the chemicals business for the current and previous periods are: Revenue Expenses Provision for closure Provision for impairment Pre-tax loss Income tax expense Total assets Total external liabilities Cash inflows from operating activities 6. Share-based payments As part of the IFRS improvements project Kumba adopted IFRS 2 Share-based payments. The adoption of IFRS 2 is made in accordance with the transitional provision of IFRS 2. Prior years' figures have been restated. The amount of the adjustment for the current and comparable periods is as follows: Income statement impact Reduction of profit and loss for the period Balance sheet impact Retained income decrease Equity-settled reserve increase	2 (3) 9 1 26	192 35 89 (102) 28 76 6 50	
On 21 April 2004 Ticor Ltd, Australia announced its intention to discontinue its chemicals business, included in the heavy minerals segment. The revenue, operating results, assets, liabilities and cash flow of the chemicals business for the current and previous periods are: Revenue Expenses Provision for closure Provision for impairment Pre-tax loss Income tax expense Total assets Total external liabilities Cash inflows from operating activities 6. Share-based payments As part of the IFRS improvements project Kumba adopted IFRS 2 Share-based payments. The adoption of IFRS 2 is made in accordance with the transitional provision of IFRS 2. Prior years' figures have been restated. The amount of the adjustment for the current and comparable periods is as follows: Income statement impact Reduction of profit and loss for the period Balance sheet impact Retained income decrease Equity-settled reserve increase The amount of the adjustment relating to	2 (3) 9 1 26	192 35 89 (102) 28 76 6 50	
On 21 April 2004 Ticor Ltd, Australia announced its intention to discontinue its chemicals business, included in the heavy minerals segment. The revenue, operating results, assets, liabilities and cash flow of the chemicals business for the current and previous periods are: Revenue Expenses Provision for closure Provision for impairment Pre-tax loss Income tax expense Total assets Total external liabilities Cash inflows from operating activities 6. Share-based payments As part of the IFRS improvements project Kumba adopted IFRS 2 Share-based payments. The adoption of IFRS 2 is made in accordance with the transitional provision of IFRS 2. Prior years' figures have been restated. The amount of the adjustment for the current and comparable periods is as follows: Income statement impact Reduction of profit and loss for the period Balance sheet impact Retained income decrease Equity-settled reserve increase	2 (3) 9 1 26	192 35 89 (102) 28 76 6 50	

income and an increase of R4 million in		
equity-settled reserve.		
7. Business combinations In line with IFRS 3, Business		
combinations, the carrying value of		
previously recognised negative goodwill		
at the beginning of the period was		
derecognised and adjusted against the		
opening balance of retained earnings. The effect of the adjustment is as follows:		
No income statement impact		
Balance sheet impact		
- Decrease in negative goodwill	53	
- Increase in retained income	53	
8. Environmental rehabilitation provision A legal and constructive obligation		
exists to provide for rehabilitation at		
the Zincor refinery. The provision has		
been accounted for as a prior year		
adjustment to reflect the existence of		
the obligation originating from previous periods. The effect of the adjustment is		
as follows:		
Income statement impact		
- Increase in finance charges	17	23
- Decrease in deferred taxation	2	2
Balance sheet impact - Decrease in retained income	172	157
- Increase in provisions	191	174
- Increase in deferred tax asset	2	15
- Decrease in deferred tax liability		2
9. Investments		
Listed investments in associates - market value		24
Unlisted investments in associates		24
- directors' valuation	130	125
Listed investments included in other		
financial assets		
 market value Unlisted investments included in other 	60	20
financial assets		
- directors' valuation	35	33
10. Deferred taxation		
A deferred tax asset was raised as a		
prior year adjustment in respect of Ticor Ltd's eligibility to claim a bad debt		
deduction of A\$130,7 million as at 31	,	
December 2002. The effect of the		
adjustment is as follows:		
No income statement impact		
Balance sheet impact:	0.2	0.7
Balance sheet impact: - Increase in retained income	93 87	93 87
Balance sheet impact:	93 87 180	93 87 180
Balance sheet impact: - Increase in retained income - Increase in minority interest - Increase in deferred tax asset 11. Reclassification and presentation	87	87
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Balance sheet impact: Increase in retained income Increase in minority interest Increase in deferred tax asset Reclassification and presentation The group has changed the following accounting policies to be in line with the accounting policies of its majority shareholder and parent, Anglo American plc: The equity accounted investments' recognised profits were previously	87	87
Balance sheet impact: Increase in retained income Increase in minority interest Increase in deferred tax asset Reclassification and presentation The group has changed the following accounting policies to be in line with the accounting policies of its majority shareholder and parent, Anglo American plc: The equity accounted investments' recognised profits were previously transferred to a non-distributable	87	87
Balance sheet impact: Increase in retained income Increase in minority interest Increase in deferred tax asset Reclassification and presentation The group has changed the following accounting policies to be in line with the accounting policies of its majority shareholder and parent, Anglo American plc: The equity accounted investments' recognised profits were previously transferred to a non-distributable reserve "Attributable reserves of equity	87	87
Balance sheet impact: Increase in retained income Increase in minority interest Increase in deferred tax asset 11. Reclassification and presentation The group has changed the following accounting policies to be in line with the accounting policies of its majority shareholder and parent, Anglo American plc: The equity accounted investments' recognised profits were previously transferred to a non-distributable reserve "Attributable reserves of equity accounted investments". The opening balance of R20 million (2004: R11)	87	87
Balance sheet impact: Increase in retained income Increase in minority interest Increase in deferred tax asset 11. Reclassification and presentation The group has changed the following accounting policies to be in line with the accounting policies of its majority shareholder and parent, Anglo American plc: The equity accounted investments' recognised profits were previously transferred to a non-distributable reserve "Attributable reserves of equity accounted investments". The opening balance of R20 million (2004: R11 million) of this reserve was reclassified	87	87
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Balance sheet impact: Increase in retained income Increase in minority interest Increase in deferred tax asset 11. Reclassification and presentation The group has changed the following accounting policies to be in line with the accounting policies of its majority shareholder and parent, Anglo American plc: The equity accounted investments' recognised profits were previously transferred to a non-distributable reserve "Attributable reserves of equity accounted investments". The opening balance of R20 million (2004: R11 million) of this reserve was reclassified as distributable reserves and transfers to this reserve have ceased.	87	87
Balance sheet impact: Increase in retained income Increase in minority interest Increase in deferred tax asset 11. Reclassification and presentation The group has changed the following accounting policies to be in line with the accounting policies of its majority shareholder and parent, Anglo American plc: The equity accounted investments' recognised profits were previously transferred to a non-distributable reserve "Attributable reserves of equity accounted investments". The opening balance of R20 million (2004: R11 million) of this reserve was reclassified as distributable reserves and transfers	87	87

pre-tax income, and the tax shown as part of the taxation charge. Only the post-tax share of equity accounted profits are now disclosed. The net effect on earnings is zero, however the line-by-line effect on the income statement is as follows: - Decrease in income from equity accounted investments	2	9
	_	_
- Decrease in taxation 12. Interest in joint ventures Kumba's majority shareholder and parent, Anglo American plc. changed its accounting policies to be in line with IFRS with effect 1 January 2005. Anglo elected to account for interests in joint ventures per IAS 31, by applying the proportionate consolidation method. To be consistent with the parent entity's policies Kumba changed its accounting policy to the proportionate consolidation method. Prior years' figures have been restated. This policy change does not impact on earnings per share. The effect of the change in accounting policy is as	2	9
follows:		
Income statement impact:		
- Increase in net operating profit	26	20
- Increase in het operating profit - Increase in interest income	1	20
		20
- Decrease in income from equity	27	20
accounted investments		
Balance sheet impact:		
- Decrease in investments in joint	38	11
ventures		
- Increase in property, plant and	3	3
equipment		
- Increase in financial assets	2	1
- Decrease in trade and other receivables		32
- Increase in cash and cash equivalents	63	39
- Increase in trade and other payables	48	
- Decrease in net debt	63	39
Cash flow impact:		
- Increase in net cash flows from	22	29
operating activities		
- Increase in taxation paid		2
- Increase in financial assets	1	
- Increase in borrowings raised	1	
- Increase in foreign currency	3	
translation	-	
- Increase in opening balance of cash and	39	12
cash equivalents		
13. Dividends paid		
- Kumba	1 430	344
- Less paid to Kumba Management Share		(2)
Trust		• •
- Paid to minorities	17	19
		261

14. Net debt

Net debt is calculated as being interest-bearing borrowings less cash and cash equivalents.

1 447

361

15. Related party transactions

During the period the company and its subsidiaries, in the ordinary course of business, entered into various sale and purchase transactions with associates and joint ventures. These transactions were subject to terms that are no less favourable than those arranged with third parties.

16. JSE Limited requirements

The announcement has been prepared in accordance with the listings requirements of JSE Limited.

17. Corporate governance

The group complies with the Code of Corporate Practice and Conduct published in the King II Report on Corporate Governance.

18. Audit opinion

The auditors, Deloitte & Touche, have issued their opinion on the group's financial statements for the 12-month period ended 31 December 2005. The audit was conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. They have issued an unmodified audit opinion. A copy of their audit report is available for inspection at the company's registered office. These summarised financial statements have been derived from the group financial statements and are consistent in all material respects, with the group annual financial statements. UNAUDITED PHYSICAL INFORMATION ('000 TONNES)

UNAUDITED PHISICAL INFORMA	12-months	
	ended	
	31 Dec	0004
_	2005	2004
Iron ore		
Production	30 987	30 112
Sales		
- Exports	22 113	20 923
- Domestic	9 172	9 371
Total.	31 285	30 294
Coal		
Production		
- Power station	14 573	14 383
- Coking	2 273	2 409
- Other	2 993	2 652
Total.	19 839	19 444
	19 639	19 444
Sales	1.4. 500	14 256
- Eskom	14 703	14 356
- Other domestic	4 174	4 112
- Export	1 109	1 090
Total	19 986	19 558
Heavy minerals - Ticor SA		
project		
Production		
- Ilmenite	356	262
- Zircon	47	49
- Rutile	23	20
- Pig iron	89	63
- Scrap pig iron	8	5
- Chloride slag	134	96
- Sulphate slag	30	40
Sales		
- Ilmenite	60	27
- Zircon	47	48
- Rutile	18	17
- Pig iron	79	58
- Scrap pig iron	11	8
- Chloride slag	150	84
		24
- Sulphate slag	41	24
Heavy minerals - Ticor		
Limited (1)		
Production		
- Ilmenite	220	236
- Zircon	35	38
- Rutile	16	18
- Synthetic rutile	111	112
- Leucoxene	12	11
- Pigment	53	53
Sales		
- Ilmenite	13	30
- Zircon	36	38
- Rutile	18	21
- Synthetic rutile	59	50
- Leucoxene	14	17
Base metals		
Production		
- Zinc concentrate	126	124
- Zinc metal	117	116
- Zincor	102	104
- Chifeng (2)	15	12
- Lead concentrate	25	27
Zinc metal sales		- ,
	۵2	91
- Domestic	92	フェ

- Export	27	28	
Total	119	119	
Lead concentrate sales			
- Export	35	12	
UNAUDITED PHYSICAL INFORM	C 000') NOITA	CONNES)	
	6-months		18-months
	ended		ended
	31 Dec		31 Dec
	2005	2004	2004
Iron ore			
Production	15 476	14 900	44 952
Sales			
- Exports	11 510	10 381	30 762
- Domestic	4 360	4 630	14 107
Total	15 870	15 011	44 869
Coal			
Production			
- Power station	7 243	7 521	21 829
- Coking	1 098	1 243	3 486
- Other	1 552	1 371	3 880
Total	9 893	10 135	29 195
Sales			
- Eskom	7 268	7 400	21 769
- Other domestic	2 164	2 069	6 058
- Export	500	593	1 688
Total.	9 932	10 062	29 515
Heavy minerals - Ticor SA	1		
project			
Production			
- Ilmenite	202	132	390
- Zircon	23	25	74
- Rutile	11	10	29
- Pig iron	52	22	85
- Scrap pig iron	3	2	11
- Chloride slag	79	48	123
- Sulphate slag	18	19	60
Sales	2.0	2.7	67
- Ilmenite	30	27	67
- Zircon	21	20	71
- Rutile	9	7	29
- Pig iron	50	28	68
- Scrap pig iron	5	4 42	11 96
- Chloride slag	85 20	14	24
- Sulphate slag Heavy minerals - Ticor	20	14	24
Limited (1) Production			
- Ilmenite	116	120	347
- Zircon	18	20	59
- Zircon - Rutile	±8	20 9	26
- Synthetic rutile	56	58	168
- Leucoxene	7	6	20
- Pigment	27	27	78
Sales	. ,	~ .	• •
- Ilmenite	3	10	52
- Zircon	19	21	58
- Rutile	10	6	32
- Synthetic rutile	33	28	79
- Leucoxene	10	8	25
Base metals		-	
Production			
- Zinc concentrate		57	178
- Zinc metal	62	ગ /	
- Zincor	62 58		174
	58	58	174 159
- Chifena (2)	58 50	58 52	159
- Chifeng (2) - Lead concentrate	58	58	159 15
- Lead concentrate	58 50 8	58 52 6	159
- Lead concentrate Zinc metal sales	58 50 8	58 52 6	159 15
- Lead concentrate Zinc metal sales - Domestic	58 50 8 12	58 52 6 13	159 15 45
- Lead concentrate Zinc metal sales	58 50 8 12	58 52 6 13	159 15 45

- Export 23 6 29
- (1) The production and sales tonnes reflect Ticor's 50% interest in its Tiwest joint venture.
- (2) The effective interest in the physical information for the Chifeng (Hongye) refinery has been disclosed. COMMENTS

OPERATING RESULTS

Comments are for comparative purposes based on an analysis of the group's audited financial results and physical information for the financial year ended 31 December 2005 compared with the corresponding unaudited information for the 12-month period ended 31 December 2004. Kumba's previous audited financial results were for the 18-month period from 1 July 2003 to 31 December 2004 due to a change in year-end from 30 June to 31 December.

The 12-month period to December 2005 was marked by continued excellent operational performance, strong commodity prices and the realisation of benefits from the ongoing business improvement programme. Revenue increased by R3 253 million to R11 962 million and net operating profit, excluding the Hope Downs non-recurring settlement proceeds, by R2 339 million to R3 707 million, resulting in an improved operating margin of 31% for the year.

An average exchange rate of R6,36 to the US dollar was realised compared with

An average exchange rate of R6,36 to the US dollar was realised compared with R6,51 for the previous 12-month period.

EARNINGS

The significant improvement in net operating profit including a non-recurring settlement of R1 179 million pre-tax for the acquisition of Kumba's interest in the Hope Downs project, after accounting for net financing charges of R231 million and a higher taxation charge of R1 412 million, resulted in attributable earnings increasing by 400% to R3 190 million for the financial year. Headline earnings were 223% higher at R2 373 million or 781 cents per share. CASH FLOW

Total cash of R3 864 million retained from operations together with the Hope Downs project settlement, was used partly to settle lower finance charges of R189 million, higher cash taxes of R821 million, increased dividends of R1 447 million and the acquisition of the minority interests in Ticor Ltd, Australia for R1 174 million.

This, together with capital expenditure of R1 044 million, of which R655 million was invested in new production capacity, resulted in a net cash inflow of R459 million for the year.

Net debt decreased to R1 391 million, with a debt to equity ratio of 19% at 31 December 2005, from R1 870 and a debt to equity ratio of 29% at 31 December 2004.

SAFETY, HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT

Regrettably, and despite excellent safety achievements at several mines, four fatalities were suffered during the past year, one of which was a public road accident. A further two fatalities occurred at the start of 2006. The group remains committed to achieving a working environment where no fatalities or serious injuries occur. Its ongoing safety awareness and preventative programmes have been strengthened by further initiatives to enhance hazard identification. The average lost time injury frequency rate per two hundred thousand man-hours worked (LTIFR) for the financial year was 0,52. A target LTIFR of 0,25 has been set for 2006.

Programmes for HIV/Aids counselling and voluntary testing are in place at all South African operations of the group. The extension of anti-retroviral programmes to all of the group's businesses is progressing well, with most employees who tested HIV-positive during the year now enrolled on the programme. All business units in the group have obtained international environment and safety certifications (ISO 14001 and OHSAS 18001).

SEGMENT RESULTS AND COMPARATIVE EARNINGS

	6-months er	nded	12-months	s ended
	31 December		31 December	
	2005	2004**	2005	2004**
	Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited	Unaudited
	Rm	Rm	Rm	Rm
REVENUE				
Iron ore	3 819	2 130	6 638	4 250
Coal	1 159	986	2 203	1 878
Heavy minerals	1 046	847	1 928	1 662
Ticor SA	466	266	839	514
Ticor Australia	580	581	1 089	1 148
Base metals	586	354	1 070	812
Industrial	55	51	106	95
minerals				

Other	11	8	17	12
Total	6 676	4 376	11 962	8 709
NET OPERATING				
PROFIT				
Iron ore	1 692	454	2 767	833
Coal	284	238	554	430
Heavy minerals	173	156	227	254
Ticor SA	(65)	7	(79)	(10)
Ticor Australia		149	306	264
Base metals	58	(94)	69	(116)
Industrial	13	10	26	20
minerals				
Other	1 156	(3)	1 244	(53)
Hope Downs*	1 179		1 179	
Other	(23)	(3)	65	(53)
Total	3 376	761	4 887	1 368
EARNINGS				
Net operating	3 376	761	4 887	1 368
profit				
Net financing	(86)	(142)	(231)	(287)
charges		4 - 1		
Income from equity	5	(3)	7	(23)
accounted				
investments				
Profit before	3 295	616	4 663	1 058
taxation	(7 007)	(4.55)	((222)
Taxation	(1 031)	(175)	(1 412)	•
Minority interest	(28)	(46)	(61)	(90)
Net profit	2 236	395	3 190	638
attributable to				
ordinary				
shareholders	(000)	22	(017)	0.0
Adjustments	(826)	22	(817)	96
Headline earnings	1 410	417	2 373	734

- * A\$236,5 million settlement- and option payment for Kumba's interest in the Hope Downs project.
- ** Restated as set out in note 1 of the group financial results. OPERATIONS

Iron Ore

Excellent operating performance at Sishen mine resulted in an all-time production record of 28,5 Mt. Selective mining practices and improved plant efficiencies contributed to this production record representing an increase of 900 000 tonnes over the comparative period. New records were set for railage and exports. Total ore railed increased by 1,4 Mt to 24 Mt while export sales were 1,2 Mt higher at 22,1 Mt, in line with the ongoing expansion and ramp-up of the Sishen-Saldanha export channel.

Despite the break-down of both ship-loaders at the Saldanha Bay iron ore export terminal hampering ship loading in July 2005, all supply commitments to customers were met while stock levels at Saldanha Bay were also increased. Revenue increased significantly by 56% to R6 638 million and net operating profit by 232% to R2 767 million, with the operating margin improving to 42%. This was due to the excellent operational performance, the substantial iron ore price settlements effective 1 April 2005, business improvement results, and a higher margin sales product mix which more than offset the effects of higher fuel prices and a stronger currency. Coal

The production of power station (thermal) coal increased by 13% to a record of 14,6 Mt over the comparative period due to improved throughput at Grootegeluk mine and higher final product yield at Leeuwpan. Coking coal production was 136 000 tonnes lower in line with demand.

Sales of power station coal increased by 347 000 tonnes on the comparative period to meet growing local electricity demand. Exports were also at higher volumes, supported by the strong steel and ferro-alloy markets.

Revenue increased by 17% to R2 203 million from the increased sales volumes at higher prices. The higher revenue together with business improvement initiatives resulted in net operating profit improving by 29% to R554 million despite increased stripping costs and fuel prices.

Heavy Minerals

Ticor SA

The furnaces are reaching 85% of their production capacity of 250 000 tonnes per annum. Encouragingly, the ratio of chloride to sulphate slag increased on

average from 71 % in the comparative period to 82 % in the year under review. Furnace 1 is planned to be shut temporarily in the current year to effect modifications and improvements that were successfully made to furnace 2 in 2004. Total production and sales increased in line with the ramp-up of the furnaces. This, together with higher sales prices for zircon and low manganese pig iron, resulted in revenue increasing by 63% to R839 million. The stronger currency, increased raw material costs and the cessation of capitalisation of costs and interest during the construction period more than offset the improved revenues, resulting in a net operating loss of R79 million for the year. Ticor Australia

Kumba acquired the minority shareholding in Ticor Limited resulting in it becoming a wholly-owned subsidiary and being de-listed from the Australian Stock Exchange (ASX) on 22 November 2005. As a result, Ticor's 40% holding in Ticor SA was re-structured into a direct holding by Kumba.

Mineral production at Ticor's Western Australian operations was marginally lower as a result of a planned shutdown of the dry mill and the re-location of the North mine concentrator. Pigment and synthetic rutile production was in line with the comparative period despite pigment production being impacted by an unscheduled shutdown of a contractor's oxygen plant.

Revenue decreased by 5% over the comparative period as a result of the effects of the final closure of Ticor's chemical business in May 2004. Net operating profit, however, increased by 16% to R306 million as a result of higher pigment and zircon prices, favourable hedging programmes, the elimination of losses recorded by the chemicals business, and the ongoing success of margin improvement initiatives.

Base Metals

The sale of an additional 23 000 tonnes of lead and a significant increase in the LME-traded zinc price from an average of US\$1 048 per tonne in the comparative period to US\$1 382 per tonne in 2005 resulted in revenue improving by 32% to R1 070 million, despite continued low treatment charges and a stronger currency.

Net operating profit, which improved to R69 million from a loss of R116 million in the comparative period, was due to increased revenues, non-recurrence of impairment charges raised in the comparative period, and the benefits from the business improvement programme.

As reported in the group's interim results for the six months ended 30 June 2005, a provision of R182 million, representing the business unit's best estimate for the environmental rehabilitation of a residue disposal site at the Zincor refinery, was raised against its prior year's retained income. Investigation of viable reclamation alternatives is continuing. The provision at 31 December 2005 amounts to R191 million.

Industrial Minerals

Revenue and net operating profit improved by 12% and 30% respectively due to good operating performance and business improvement initiatives, despite lower market demand.

GROWTH OPPORTUNITIES

Iron Ore

Kumba and Transnet concluded an agreement in February 2005 for the expansion of the Sishen-Saldanha export channel by an additional 11,5 Mtpa of iron ore from 2009. Kumba's iron ore rail allocation will, as a result, increase to 35 Mtpa by 2009 of which 33,2 Mtpa is destined for the export market.

The Sishen Expansion Project (SEP), under construction, is planned to commence delivery of product by mid-2007 and will ramp-up to full capacity of 10Mtpa by the beginning of 2009, in line with the additional export channel capacity expansions agreed with Transnet. Improvements identified during the detailed design phase of the project together with higher commodity and labour costs in the construction industry, resulted in an increase in the capital estimate of the project from R3 000 million to R3 600 million.

Due to export logistics constraints, a phased approach for the development of the Sishen South project is currently being investigated jointly between Kumba and Transnet. Final approval of the first phase of 3 Mtpa is expected in the current year upon approval of the application for mining rights and acceptance of the environmental management plan. Further expansion of the mine to around 9 Mtpa during the second phase is dependent on the synchronised expansion of the export channel capacity.

The evaluation of a project to significantly extend the life of the current mine at Thabazimbi by approximately 20 years to provide Mittal Steel (South Africa) with lumpy and fine ore, is expected to be finalised in the current year. If viable and an investment decision is made, production of 2,5 to 3 Mtpa could be achieved in 2009.

The commencement of a bankable feasibility study for the development of a mine

to exploit the Faleme iron ore deposit, located in the south-eastern corner of Senegal, and associated infrastructure, has been approved by Kumba. Kumba has exercised its option to acquire a controlling interest in the project. The Senegalese government development company, Miferso, has put Kumba's rights in dispute. Kumba will pursue the legal actions available to it in order to preserve its contractual rights.

Coal

The jig plant at Leeuwpan at a capital cost of R97 million was successfully commissioned in the third quarter of 2005 with full ramp-up scheduled for the first quarter of 2006. Once in full production, Leeuwpan will supply an additional 1 Mtpa of power station coal to Eskom.

Construction of the R323 million new coal benefication module (GG6) at Grootegeluk mine has commenced and is due for commissioning in the fourth quarter of 2006. The plant will beneficiate coal previously sent to the adjacent Matimba power station and will supply 530 000 tonnes per annum of semi-soft coking coal to the coking plants being refurbished by Mittal Steel (South Africa) at its Newcastle facility.

The Richards Bay Coal Terminal (RBCT) announced in November 2005 the go-ahead for the RBCT Phase V expansion. This has triggered the 1 Mtpa export-focused Inyanda mine near Witbank which is a 50:50 joint venture operation producing high quality thermal coal between Kumba and Eyesizwe Coal. Construction of the mine, at a capital cost of some R184 million, will commence during the second quarter of 2006 and commissioning of the mine is planned for December 2007. The expansion at RBCT will provide Kumba with a 2,5 Mtpa export allocation to be filled by production from the Inyanda mine and expanded output at the Grootegeluk and Leeuwpan mines.

Following encouraging exploration results, Kumba will conclude a joint venture agreement with Anglo Coal Australia in the first quarter of 2006 to undertake a feasibility study on the high-grade coking coal resource on the adjacent properties of Moranbah South and Grosvenor South in Queensland, Australia. A feasibility study on the possibility of producing char for the ferro-alloy industry was completed during the year. Board approval for construction at a capital cost of R210 million for initial production of 80 000 tonnes per annum and ramping up to 160 000 tonnes per annum by 2008, was given. The approval is conditional upon the conclusion of off-take agreements and an environmental impact assessment.

Heavy Minerals

Commencement of construction of the Fairbreeze project, subject to board approval, is planned in the first half of 2006, with commissioning in the third quarter of 2008.

The bankable feasibility study on the Toliara Sands Project in south-west Madagascar has commenced and will be completed in early 2007. The currently delineated deposit within the Toliara Sands Project is capable of providing long-term ilmenite feedstock to the Ticor SA furnaces. AlloyStreamTM

Good progress has been made on the commercialisation of AlloyStreamTM, the proprietary technology that allows the use of fine un-agglomerated ore and non-coking coal to produce high carbon ferro-manganese.

TRANSFORMATION TRANSACTION

On 13 October 2005 Kumba, its holding company Anglo American, and Eyesizwe Mining, together with the Industrial Development Corporation, the Tiso Consortium, the Eyabantu Consortium, a Northern Cape Community Group and the South African Women in Mining Association, jointly announced the largest empowerment transaction to be implemented to date in South Africa. The parties have completed their due diligence investigations and are in the process of finalising the valuations and the requisite legal agreements. It is envisaged that the transaction will be implemented in the second quarter of 2006.

OUTLOOK

Buoyant market demand for the group's portfolio of commodities, except titanium dioxide feedstock where surplus supply exists, is expected to support strong price levels. This, together with the ongoing benefits of Kumba's business improvement programme, is expected to have a positive impact on the group's results for the next six months.

The stronger Rand will, however, affect earnings.

FINAL DIVIDEND

The directors have declared a final dividend, number 7 of 160 cents per share in respect of the 2005 financial year. The dividend has been declared in South African currency and is payable to shareholders recorded in the books of the company at close of business on 10 March 2006.

In compliance with the electronic settlement system of JSE Limited, the

following dates are applicable: Last date to trade cum dividend Friday, 3 March 2006 Shares trade ex dividend Monday, 6 March 2006 Record date Friday, 10 March 2006 Payment date Monday, 13 March 2006 Share certificates may not be dematerialised or rematerialised between Friday, 6 March 2006 and Friday, 10 March 2006, both days inclusive. On behalf of the Board Dr CJ Fauconnier DJ van Staden AJ Morgan (Chairman) (Chief Executive) (Executive Director, Finance) 17 February 2006 Kumba Resources Limited Registration number 2000/011076/06 JSE Share code KMB ADR CODE KBREY ISIN CODE ZAE 000034310 Registered office Kumba Resources Limited Roger Dyason Road Pretoria West, 0002 TEL NO +27 12 307 5000 FAX NO +27 12 307 4080 Transfer secretaries Computershare Investor Services 2004 (Pty) Limited 2nd Floor, Edura House, 70 Marshall Street, Johannesburg, 2001 PO Box 61051, Marshalltown, 2107 Directors AJ Morgan (Chairman), Dr CJ Fauconnier (Chief Executive), PM Baum, BE Davison, TL de Beer, JJ Geldenhuys, MJ Kilbride*, Dr D Konar, CF Meintjes*, WA Nairn, SA Nkosi, CML Savage, Dr NS Segal, F Titi, DJ van Staden*, PL Zim. *Executive Company Secretary MS Viljoen Corporate Affairs and Investor Relations Trevor Arran +27 12 307 3292 Sponsor JP Morgan Equities Limited If you have any queries regarding your shareholding in Kumba Resources, please contact the Transfer Secretaries at +27 11 370 5000 This report is available at the Kumba Resources website at: http://www.kumbaresources.com Date: 17/02/2006 07:00:26 AM Produced by the JSE SENS Department

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Kumba - Press Release

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OFFICE OF INTERMATIONS OURPORATE FIREAUST

KUMBA RESOURCES LIMITED

Incorporated in the Republic of South Africa

(Registration Number: 2000/011076/06)

Share Code: KMB

ISIN Number: ZAE000034310

("Kumba")

17 February 2006

KUMBA RESOURCES AUDITED Group financial results AND PHYSICAL INFORMATION for the 12 MONTHS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2005

Record production and buoyant sales volumes

Revenue up 37%

Net operating profit up 171%, excluding Hope Downs settlement Headline earnings per share up 219%

Final dividend of 160 cents per share (540 cents per share for the financial year, including special dividend)

Net debt to equity ratio of 19%

Creating South Africa's flagship empowerment company and separately listed iron ore company

OPERATING RESULTS

Diversified South African-based metals and mining company Kumba Resources Limited (Kumba) today reported revenue of R11,96 billion and net operating profit of R3,7 billion for the 12 months ended 31 December 2005, resulting in an improved operating margin of 31% for the year. This excludes the non-recurring R1,2 billion pre-tax settlement paid to Kumba for the acquisition of its interest in the Hope Downs iron ore project in Australia.

"The year was marked by continued excellent operational performance, strong commodity prices and the realisation of benefits from the ongoing business improvement programme," said Dr Con Fauconnier, Kumba's chief executive. An average exchange rate of R6,36 to the US dollar was realised compared with R6,51 for the previous 12-month period.

EARNINGS

The significant improvement in net operating profit including the Hope Downs settlement, after accounting for net financing charges of R231 million and a higher taxation charge of R1,41 billion, resulted in attributable earnings increasing by 400% to R3,19 billion for the financial year. Headline earnings, which exclude the Hope Downs settlement proceeds, were 223% higher at R2,37 billion or 781 cents per share.

CASH FLOW

Total cash of R5,04 billion generated from operations together with the Hope Downs project settlement, was used partly to settle higher cash taxes of R821 million, increased dividends of R1,45 billion and the acquisition of the minority interests in Ticor Ltd, Australia for R1,17 billion.

This, together with capital expenditure of R1 044 million, of which R655 million was invested in new production capacity, resulted in a net cash inflow of R459 million for the year.

Net debt decreased to R1,39 billion, with a debt to equity ratio of 19% at 31 December 2005, from R1,87 billion and a debt to equity ratio of 29% at 31 December 2004.

SAFETY, HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT

Regrettably, and despite excellent safety achievements at several mines, four fatalities were suffered during the past year, one of which was a public road accident. A further fatality occurred at the start of 2006. The group remains committed to achieving a working environment where no fatalities or serious injuries occur. Its ongoing safety awareness and preventive programmes have been strengthened by further initiatives to enhance hazard identification. The average lost time injury frequency rate per 200 000 man-hours worked (LTIFR) for the financial year was 0,52. A target LTIFR of 0,25 has been set for 2006. Programmes for HIV/Aids counselling and voluntary testing are in place at all South African operations of the group. The extension of anti-retroviral programmes to all of the group's businesses is progressing well, with most employees who tested HIV-positive during the year, now enrolled on the programme. All business units in the group have obtained international

environment and safety certifications (ISO 14001 and OHSAS 18001). TRANSFORMATION TRANSACTION

On 13 October 2005 Kumba, its holding company Anglo American and Eyesizwe Mining, together with the Industrial Development Corporation, the Tiso Consortium, the Eyabantu Consortium, a Northern Cape Community Group and the South African Women in Mining Association, jointly announced the largest empowerment transaction to be implemented to date in South Africa. The parties have completed their due diligence investigations and are in the process of finalising the valuations and the requisite legal agreements. It is envisaged that the transaction will be implemented in the second quarter of 2006.

OUTLOOK

"Buoyant market demand for the group's portfolio of commodities, except titanium dioxide feedstock where surplus supply exists, is expected to support strong price levels. This, together with the ongoing benefits of Kumba's business improvement programme, is expected to have a positive impact on the group's results for the next six months. A stronger Rand will, however, affect earnings," said Dr Fauconnier.

FINAL DIVIDEND

The directors have declared a final dividend, number 7 of 160 cents per share in respect of the 2005 financial year. The dividend has been declared in South African currency and is payable to shareholders recorded in the books of the company at close of business on 10 March 2006.

This brings the total dividend declared for the year, including the special dividend of 220 cents per share, to 540 cents per share.

* Comments are, for comparative purposes, based on an analysis of the group's audited financial results and physical information for the financial year ended 31 December 2005 compared with the corresponding unaudited information for the 12-month period ended 31 December 2004. Kumba's previous audited financial results were for the 18-month period from 1 July 2003 to

31 December 2004 due to a change in year-end from 30 June to 31 December.

Note:

Kumba Resources Limited, one of the largest South African-based mining companies listed on the JSE Securities Exchange, is a focused metals and mining company with a diverse commodity portfolio consisting of iron ore, heavy minerals, coal, base metals and industrial minerals. www.kumbaresources.com

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ADDENDUM 1:

OPERATIONAL HIGHLIGHTS

Iron ore

Coal

Excellent operating performance at Sishen mine resulted in an all-time production record of $28.5\ \mathrm{Mt}.$

New records were set for railage and exports - total ore railed increased by 1,4Mt to 24Mt while export sales were 1,2Mt higher at 22,1Mt, in line with the ongoing expansion and ramp-up of the Sishen-Saldanha export channel. Revenue increased significantly by 56% to R6,64 billion and net operating profit by 232% to R2,77 billion, with the operating margin improving to 42%. This was due to the excellent operational performance, the substantial iron ore price settlements effectivel April 2005, business improvement results, and a higher margin sales product mix which more than offset the effects of higher fuel prices and a stronger currency.

The production of power station (thermal) coal increased by 13% to a record of 14,6Mt over the comparative period due to improved throughput at Grootegeluk mine and higher final product yield at Leeuwpan. Coking coal production was 136 000 tonnes lower, in line with demand.

Sales of power station coal increased by 347 000 tonnes on the comparative period to meet growing local electricity demand. Exports were also at higher volumes, supported by the strong steel and ferro-alloy markets.

Revenue increased by 17% to R2,2 billion from increased sales volumes at higher prices. The higher revenue together with business improvement initiatives resulted in net operating profit improving by 29% to R554 million despite increased stripping costs and fuel prices.

Heavy minerals

Ticor SA

The furnaces are reaching 85% of their production capacity of 250 000 tonnes per annum.

The ratio of chloride to sulphate slag increased on average from 71 % in the comparative period to 82 % in the year under review. Furnace 1 is planned to be shut temporarily in the current year to effect modifications and improvements that were successfully made to furnace 2 in 2004.

Total production and sales increased in line with the ramp-up of the furnaces. This, together with higher sales prices for zircon and low manganese pig iron, resulted in revenue increasing by 63% to R839 million.

The stronger currency, increased raw material costs and the cessation of capitalisation of costs and interest during the construction period more than offset the improved revenues, resulting in a net operating loss of R79 million for the year.

Ticor Australia

Kumba acquired the minority shareholding in Ticor Limited resulting in it becoming a wholly-owned subsidiary and being de-listed from the Australian Stock Exchange (ASX) on 22 November 2005. As a result, Ticor's 40% holding in Ticor SA was restructured into a direct holding by Kumba.

Mineral production at Ticor's Western Australian operations was marginally lower as a result of a planned shutdown of the dry mill and the relocation of the North mine concentrator. Pigment and synthetic rutile production was in line with the comparative period despite pigment production being impacted by an unscheduled shutdown of a contractor's oxygen plant.

Revenue decreased by 5% over the comparative period as a result of the effects of the final closure of Ticor's chemical business in May 2004. Net operating profit, however, increased by 16% to R306 million as a result of higher pigment and zircon prices, favourable hedging programmes, the elimination of losses recorded by the chemicals business, and the ongoing success of margin improvement initiatives.

Base metals

The sale of an additional 23 000 tonnes of lead and a significant increase in the LME-traded zinc price from an average of US\$1048 per tonne in the comparative period to US\$1382 per tonne in 2005 resulted in revenue improving by 32% to

R1,07 billion, despite continued low treatment charges and a stronger currency. Net operating profit, which improved to R69 million from a loss of R116 million in the comparative period, was due to increased revenues, non-recurrence of impairment charges raised in the comparative period, and the benefits from the business improvement programme.

As reported in the group's interim results for the 6 months ended 30 June 2005, a provision of R182 million, representing the division's best estimate for the environmental rehabilitation of a residue disposal site at the Zincor refinery, was raised against its prior year's retained income. Investigation of viable reclamation alternatives is continuing. The provision at 31 December 2005 amounts to R191 million.

Industrial minerals

Revenue and net operating profit improved by 12% and 30% respectively due to good operating performance and business improvement initiatives, despite lower market demand.

ADDENDUM 2:

GROWTH OPPORTUNITIES

Iron ore

Kumba and Transnet concluded an agreement in February 2005 for the expansion of the Sishen-Saldanha export channel by an additional 11,5Mtpa of iron ore from 2009. Kumba's iron ore rail allocation will, as a result, increase to 35Mtpa by 2009 of which 33,2Mtpa is destined for the export market.

The Sishen Expansion Project (SEP), under construction, is planned to commence delivery of product by mid-2007 and will ramp-up to full capacity of 10Mtpa by the beginning of 2009, in line with the additional export channel capacity expansions agreed with Transnet. Improvements identified during the detailed design phase of the project, together with higher construction costs, resulted in an increase in the capital estimate of the project from R3 billion to R3,6 billion.

Due to export logistics constraints, a phased approach for the development of the Sishen South project is currently being investigated jointly between Kumba and Transnet. Final approval of the first phase of 3Mtpa is expected in the current year upon approval of the application for mining rights and acceptance of the environmental management plan. Further expansion of the mine to around 9Mtpa during the second phase is dependent on the synchronised expansion of the export channel capacity.

The evaluation of a project to significantly extend the life of the current mine at Thabazimbi by approximately 20 years to provide Mittal Steel (South Africa) with lumpy and fine ore, is expected to be finalised in the current year. If

viable and an investment decision is made, production of 2,5Mtpa to 3Mtpa could be achieved in 2009.

The commencement of a bankable feasibility study for the development of a mine to exploit the Faleme iron ore deposit, located in the south-eastern corner of Senegal, and associated infrastructure, has been approved by Kumba. The company has exercised its option to acquire a controlling interest in the project. The Senegalese government development company, Miferso, has put Kumba's rights in dispute. Kumba will pursue the legal actions available to it in order to preserve its contractual rights.

The jig plant at Leeuwpan was successfully commissioned in the third quarter of 2005 at a capital cost of R97 million, with full ramp-up scheduled for the first quarter of 2006. Once in full production, Leeuwpan will supply an additional 1 Mtpa of power station coal to Eskom.

Construction of the R323 million new coal beneficiation module (GG6) at Grootegeluk mine has commenced and is due for commissioning in the fourth quarter of 2006. The plant will beneficiate coal previously sent to the adjacent Matimba power station and will supply 530 000 tonnes per annum of semi-soft coking coal to the coking plants being refurbished by Mittal Steel (South Africa) at its Newcastle facility.

The Richards Bay Coal Terminal (RBCT) announced in November 2005 the go-ahead for the RBCT Phase V expansion. This has triggered the 1Mtpa export-focused Inyanda mine near Witbank which is a 50:50 joint venture operation producing high quality thermal coal between Kumba and Eyesizwe Coal. Construction of the mine, at a capital cost of some

R184 million, will commence during the second quarter of 2006 and commissioning of the mine is planned for December 2007. The expansion at RBCT will provide Kumba with a 2,5Mtpa export allocation to be filled by production from the Inyanda mine and expanded output at the Grootegeluk and Leeuwpan mines. Following encouraging exploration results, Kumba will conclude a joint venture agreement with Anglo Coal Australia in the first quarter of 2006 to undertake a feasibility study on the high-grade coking coal resource on the adjacent properties of Moranbah South and Grosvenor South in Queensland, Australia. A feasibility study on the possibility of producing char for the ferro-alloy industry was completed during the year. Board approval for construction at a capital cost of R210 million for initial production of 80 000tpa and ramping up to 160 000tpa by 2008, was given. The approval is conditional upon the conclusion of off-take agreements and an environmental impact assessment. Heavy Minerals

Construction of the Fairbreeze project, subject to Board approval, is planned to start in the first half of 2006, with commissioning in the third quarter of 2008.

The bankable feasibility study on the Toliara Sands Project in south-west Madagascar has commenced and will be completed in early 2007. The currently delineated deposit within the Toliara Sands Project is capable of providing long term ilmenite feedstock to the Ticor SA furnaces.

AlloyStream TM

Good progress has been made on the commercialisation of AlloyStreamTM, the proprietary technology that allows the use of fine un-agglomerated ore and non-coking coal to produce high carbon ferro-manganese.

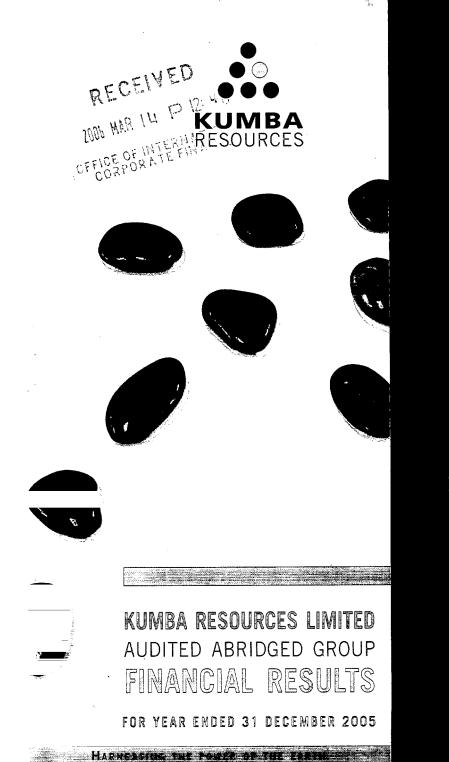
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GROUP INCOME STATEMENT

	12-months ended 31 Dec 2005	18-months ended 31 Dec 2004 Restated
	Audited Rm	Audited Rm
Revenue Operating expenses	11 962 (7 075)	12 600 (10 755)
Net operating profit Net financing costs (note 3) Share of (losses)/income from equity	4 887 (231)	1 845 (424)
accounted investments (note 11)	7	(42)
Profit before taxation (note 3) Taxation	4 663 (1 412)	1 379 (423)
Profit for the period	3 251	956
Attributable to: Equity holders of the parent Minority interest	3 190 61	891 65
Net profit	3 251	956
Ordinary shares (million) - in issue - weighted average number of shares - diluted weighted average number of shares Attributed lagrange number (contra)	306 304 311	302 300 302
Attributable earnings per share (cents) - basic (2004 as previously reported) - basic restated for December 2004	1 049	314 297
 diluted (2004 as previously reported) diluted restated for December 2004 Dividend paid per share (cents) in respect of 	1 026	312 295
the previous financial year Dividend-paid per share (cents) in respect of the interim period	90	60
Special dividend paid per share (cents) in respect of the interim period Final dividend declared per share (cents) in respect.	220	
of this financial year Dividend paid per share (cents) in respect of	160	00
the first interim period Dividend paid per share (cents) in respect of		20
the second interim period Final dividend declared per share (cents) in		35
respect of this 18-month period		90
RECONCILIATION OF HEADLINE EARNINGS Net profit attributable to ordinary shareholders Impairment charges Share of associates' goodwill amortisation Goodwill amortisation	3 190 28	891 35 27 (6)
Excess of minority interest over cost of acquisition Share of associates' exceptional items	(95)	20
Net deficit on disposal or scrapping of property, plant and equipment Net surplus on disposal of investment Closure cost (note 5)	2 (1 179)	48 (72) 35
 Minority interest on adjustments Taxation effect of adjustments 	(1) 428	(12)
Headline earnings	2 373	966
Headline earnings per share (cents) - basic (2004 as previously reported) - basic restated for December 2004	781	339 322
- diluted (2004 as previously reported) - diluted restated for December 2004	763	337 320

GROUP BALANCE SHEET

	At 31 Dec 2005	At 31 Dec 2004 Restated
	Audited Rm	Audited Rm
ASSETS		
Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment	8 826	8 476
Biological assets	28	31
Intangible assets	61	71
Goodwill (note 7)		(53)
nvestments in associates and joint ventures (note 9 & 12)		
- listed		6
- unlisted	95 339	79 258
Deferred taxation (note 10) Other financial assets (note 9)	392	236 286
	9 741	9 154
Current assets	- 111	
Inventories	1 481	1 348
Trade and other receivables	2 066 1 483	1 365 1 297
Cash and cash equivalents		
Non-current assets classified as held for sale	5 030 11	4 010
Total assets	14 782	13 164
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		
Capital and reserves		
Ordinary shareholders' funds Minority interest	7 377 9	5 289 1 197
Total shareholders' funds	7 386	6 486
Non-current liabilities		
Interest-bearing borrowings	1 963 604	2 331 609
Other long-term payables Non-current provisions (note 8)	727	599
Deferred taxation	1 006	1 040
	4 300	4 579
Current liabilities		
Trade and other payables Interest-bearing borrowings	1 388 911	1 061 836
Taxation	773	182
Current provisions	24	20
	3 096	2 099
Total equity and liabilities	14 782	13 164
Net debt (note 14)	1 391	1 870
Net asset value per share (cents) Capital expenditure	2 411	1 751
- incurred	1 044	1 396
- contracted	1 635	219
- authorised but not contracted Contingent liabilities	2 182 82	668 36
Operating lease commitments	163	167
Operating sublease rentals receivable	1	28
Capital expenditure contracted relating to captive mines (Thabazimbi and Tshikondeni),		
which will be financed by Mittal Steel		
South Africa)	6	27

GROUP CASH FLOW

	12-months ended 31 Dec 2005	18-months ended 31 Dec 2004 Restated
	Audited Rm	Audited Rm
Cash retained from operations	3 864 (189)	2 661 (355)
- net financing costs - taxation paid	(821)	(313)
- dividends paid (note 13) Cash used in investing activities	(1 447)	(361)
- capital expenditure	(1 044)	(1 396)
 proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment 	23	138
- proceeds from disposal of investment	1 179	100
 proceeds from disposal of associate increase in investment in subsidiaries 		100
buy out of Ticor Ltd minorities - other	(1 174) 68	(159)
Net cash inflow	459	315
cash flows from issue of sharesborrowings (repaid)	128 (401)	132 (126)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents Adjusted opening balance	186 1 297	321 976
Increase in cash and cash equivalents		
due to the proportionate consolidation of joint ventures (note 12)	39	12
Cash and cash equivalents beginning of period as previously disclosed	1 258	964
Cash and cash equivalents end of period	1 483	1 297
Calculation of movement in net debt:	450	215
Net cash inflow - shares issued	459 128	315 132
- loans from minority shareholders	2	(1)
 non-cash increase in loans due to joint ventures now consolidated 	(1)	
 non-cash flow movements in net debt applicable to special purpose entities 		(22)
- non-cash flow movements in net debt		(22)
applicable to currency translation differences of transactions denominated in foreign currency	(96)	101
- non-cash flow movements in net debt	(50)	101
applicable to currency translation differences of net debt items of foreign entities	(13)	(33)
Decrease in net debt	479	492

GROUP STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

	12-months ended 31 Dec 2005	18-months ended 31 Dec 2004
	Audited Rm	Restated Audited Rm
Shareholders' funds at beginning of period as previously reported Minority interest opening balance Prior period adjustment	6 486	4 895 1 191
- Environmental rehabilitation provision (note 8) - Deferred tax asset (note 10) - Deferred tax asset minority interest (note 10) IFRS adjustments		(136) 93 87
negative goodwill adjustment (note 7) decommissioning asset restated	53 7	
Shareholders' funds at beginning of period Changes in share capital and premium – issue of shares	6 546	6 130
- share premium (1)	132	132
movement in shares held by Management Share Trust	12	33
Changes in non-distributable reserves		
 currency translation differences financial instruments movements realised in associate and joint yenture 	171 (101)	(301) 10 (11)
- share-based payment charges for the period (note 6) - transfer of insurance reserve - transfer to retained income	38	30 (5) (9)
 transfer of attributable reserves of equity accounted investments (note 11) deferred tax Changes in minority interest 	(20) 4	
- currency translation differences - income charge for the period - minority share of reserve movements - minority share of dividends - minority buy out - issue of share capital Changes in retained income	60 61 (97) (17) (1 194)	(133) 65 4 (17)
 net profit for the year dividends paid (note 13) 	3 190 (1 430)	891 (344)
 reduction in dividends paid to Management Share Trust (note 13) transfer of attributable reserves of equity 		2
accounted investments (note 11) - transfer from translation reserve	20 1	9
Shareholders' funds at end of period	7 386	5 485

 ⁽¹⁾ Issued to the Management Share Option Scheme due to options exercised.
 (2) A final dividend declared after year-end amounts to 160 cents per share. STC at 12,5% (R61 million) will be payable on the dividend.

NOTES TO THE GROUP FINANCIAL RESULTS

Basis of preparation

Basis of preparation
This abridged report complies with International Accounting Standard 34, Interim Financial Reporting, and schedule 4 of the South African Companies Act. The group financial results have been prepared on the historical cost basis excluding financial instruments and biological assets which are fair valued, and conform to South African Statements of Generally Accepted Accounting Practice and International Financial Reporting Standards. The accounting policies are consistent with those applied in the financial statements for the 18-months ended 31 December 2004 except for the changes noted in note 6, 7, 11 and 12. Where applicable prior years have been adjusted.

Change of year-end

The group changed its year-end from 30 June to 31 December to be in line with the year-end of its majority shareholder, Anglo American pic. during the previous period resulting in an 18-month period ended 31 December 2004. Consequently the amounts for corresponding items in the income statement, changes in equity, cash flows and related notes are not comparable.

	related notes are not comparable.		
	1	2-months ended 31 Dec 2005	18-months ended 31 Dec 2004 Restated
		Audited Rm	Restated Audited Rm
3.	Profit before taxation is arrived at after		
	Depreciation and amortisation of	(222)	(077)
	intangible assets Financing costs	(898) (381)	(977) (471)
	Interest received	150	47
	Net realised foreign exchange gains/(losses) on:		
	- currency exchange differences	225	(210)
	 revaluation of derivative instruments Net unrealised foreign exchange gains/ 	(64)	173
	(losses) on:		
	- currency exchange differences	(76)	121
	- revaluation of derivative instruments Fair value adjustment on financial assets	83 43	(124) 28
	Fair value adjustment on financial liabilities	5	(5)
	impairment charges (note 4)	(28)	(35)
	Goodwill amortisation		6
	Excess of minority interest over cost of acquisition	95	
	Net surplus on disposal of investments	1 179	72
	Net deficit on disposal of property, plant	. (2)	(40)
	and equipment Share-based payment expense (note 6)	(2) (38)	(48) (30)
-			
4.	Impairment charges and reversals Impairment of cyanide chemicals plant		(89)
	Impairment of property, plant and equipment	(3)	(15)
	Reversal of impairment of shipping assets	_	90
	Reversal of impairment of other fixed assets Impairment of intangible assets	2 (20)	(11)
	Impairment of investments	(7)	(11)
		(28)	(35)
	Taxation effect	(20)	(33)
		(28)	(35)
5.	Closure of Ticor chemicals plant		
	On 21 April 2004 Ticor Ltd, Australia announce	d d	
	its intention to discontinue its chemicals		
	business, included in the heavy minerals segment. The revenue, operating results, assets		
	liabilities and cash flow of the chemicals busines		•
	for the current and previous periods are:	_	017
	Revenue Expenses	1 2	217 192
	Provision for closure	2	35
	Provision for impairment		89
	Pre-tax loss	(3)	(102)
	Income tax expense Total assets	9	28 76
	Total external liabilities	1	6
	Cash inflows from operating activities	26	50

NOTES TO THE GROUP FINANCIAL RESULTS (CONTINUED)

		12-months ended 31 Dec 2005	18-months ended 31 Dec 2004
		Audited Rm	Restated Audited Rm
6.	Share-based payments As part of the IFRS improvements project Kumba adopted IFRS 2 Share-based payments. The adoption of IFRS 2 is made in accordance with the transitional provision of IFRS 2. Prior years' figures have been restated. The amount of the adjustment for the current and comparable periods is as follows: Income statement impact Reduction of profit and loss for the period Balance sheet impact Retained income decrease Equity-settled reserve increase The amount of the adjustment relating to the 30 June 2003 financial statements is a decrease of R4 million in retained income and an increase of R4 million in	38 72 72	30 34 34
7.	Business combinations In line with IFRS 3, Business combinations, the carrying value of previously recognised negative goodwill at the beginning of the period was derecognised and adjusted against the opening balance of retained earnings. The effect of the adjustment is as follows: No income statement impact Balance sheet impact - Decrease in negative goodwill - Increase in retained income	53 53	
8.	Environmental rehabilitation provision A legal and constructive obligation exists to provide for rehabilitation at the Zincor refinery. The provision has been accounted for as a prior year adjustment to reflect the existence of the obligation originating from previous periods. The effect of the adjustment is as follows: Income statement impact — Increase in finance charges — Decrease in deferred taxation Balance sheet impact — Decrease in retained income — Increase in provisions — Increase in deferred tax asset — Decrease in deferred tax liability	17 2 172 191 2	23 2 157 174 15 2
9.	Investments Listed investments in associates		
	market value Unlisted investments in associates directors' valuation Listed investments included in	130	24 125
	other financial assets — market value Unlisted investments included in other	60	20
	financial assets - directors' valuation	35	33

		12-months ended 31 Dec 2005	18-months ended 31 Dec 2004 Restated
		Audited Rm	Audited Rm
10.	Deferred taxation A deferred tax asset was raised as a prior year adjustment in respect of Ticor Ltd's eligibility to claim a bad debt deduction of A\$130,7 million as at 31 December 2002. The effect of the adjustment is as follows: No income statement impact Balance sheet impact: - Increase in retained income - Increase in minority interest - Increase in deferred tax asset	93 87 180	93 87 180
11.	Reclassification and presentation The group has changed the following accounting policies to be in line with the accounting policies of its majority shareholder and parent, Anglo American plo: The equity accounted investments' recognised profits were previously transferred to a non-distributable reserve "Attributable reserves of equity accounted investments". The opening balance of R20 million (2004: R11 million) of this reserve was reclassified as distributable reserves and transfers to this reserve have ceased. Income from equity accounted investments were previously presented as pre-tax income, and the tax shown as part of the taxation charge. Only the post-tax share of equity accounted profits are now disclosed. The net effect on earnings is zero, however the line-by-line effect on the income statement is as follows: Decrease in income from equity accounted investments.	2 2 2	99
12.	Interest in joint ventures Kumba's majority shareholder and parent, Anglo American plc. changed its accounting policies to be in line with IFRS with effect I January 2005. Anglo elected to account for interests in joint ventures per IAS 31, by applying the proportionate consolidation metho To be consistent with the parent entity's policie Kumba changed its accounting policy to the proportionate consolidation method. Prior years figures have been restated. This policy change does not impact on earnings per share. The effect of the change in accounting policy is as follows: Income statement impact: Increase in net operating profit Increase in interest income Decrease in income from equity accounted investments Balance sheet impact: Decrease in investments in joint ventures Increase in property, plant and equipment Increase in rade and other receivables Increase in cash and cash equivalents Increase in trade and other payables Decrease in trade and other payables Decrease in net debt	d. s	20 20 11 3 1 32 39

NOTES TO THE GROUP FINANCIAL RESULTS (CONTINUED)

	12-months ended 31 Dec 2005 Audited Rm	18-months ended 31 Dec 2004 Restated Audited Rm
12. Interest in joint ventures (continued) Cash flow impact: Increase in net cash flows from operating activities Increase in taxation paid Increase in financial assets Increase in foreign currency translation Increase in opening balance of cash and cash equivalents	22 1 1 3 3	29 2
Dividends paid Kumba Less paid to Kumba Management Share Trust Paid to minorities	1 430 17 1 447	344 (2) 19 361

Net debt is calculated as being interest-bearing borrowings less cash and cash equivalents.

15. Related party transactions

During the period the company and its subsidiaries, in the ordinary course of business, entered into various sale and purchase transactions with associates and joint ventures. These transactions were subject to terms that are no less favourable than those arranged with third parties.

16. JSE Limited requirements

The announcement has been prepared in accordance with the listings requirements of JSE Limited.

17. Corporate governance

The group complies with the Code of Corporate Practice and Conduct published in the King II Report on Corporate Governance.

18. Audit opinion

Audit opinion

The auditors, Deloitte & Touche, have issued their opinion on the group's financial statements for the 12-month period ended 31 December 2005. The audit was conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. They have issued an unmodified audit opinion. A copy of their audit report is available for inspection at the company's registered office. These summarised financial statements have been derived from the group financial statements and are consistent in all material respects, with the group against financial statements. with the group annual financial statements.

Unaudited Physical Information ('000 tonnes)

	12-months		, 6-months		18-months
	ended		ended		ended
	31 Dec		31 Dec		31 Dec
	2005	2004	2005	2004	2004
Iron ore Production	30 987	30 112	15 476	14 900	44 952
Sales - Exports - Domestic	22 113	20 923	11 510	10 381	30 762
	9 172	9 371	4 360	4 630	14 107
Total	31 285	30 294	15 870	15 011	44 869
Coal Production - Power station - Coking - Other	14 573	14 383	7 243	7 521	21 829
	2 273	2 409	1 098	1 243	3 486
	2 993	2 652	1 552	1 371	3 880
Total	19 839	19 444	9 893	10 135	29 195
Sales - Eskom - Other domestic - Export	14 703	14 356	7 268	7 400	21 769
	4 174	4 112	2 164	2 069	6 058
	1 109	1 090	500	593	1 688
Total	19 986	19 558	9 932	10 062	29 515
Heavy minerals – Ticor SA project Production – Ilmenite – Zircon – Rutile – Pig iron – Scrap pig iron – Chloride slag – Sulphate slag	356 47 23 89 8 134 30	262 49 20 63 5 96	202 23 11 52 3 79 18	132 25 10 22 2 48 19	390 74 29 85 11 123 60
Sales - Ilmenite - Zircon - Rutile - Pig iron - Scrap pig iron - Chloride slag - Sulphate slag	60	27	30	27	67
	47	48	21	20	71
	18	17	9	7	29
	79	58	50	28	68
	11	8	5	4	11
	150	84	85	42	96
	41	24	20	14	24
Heavy minerals – Ticor Limited ⁽¹⁾ Production - Ilmenite - Zircon - Rutile - Synthetic rutile - Leucoxene - Pigment	220	236	116	120	347
	35	38	18	20	59
	16	18	8	9	26
	111	112	56	58	168
	12	11	7	6	20
	53	53	27	27	78
Sales - Ilmenite - Zircon - Rutile - Synthetic rutile - Leucoxene	13	30	. 3	10	52
	36	38	19	21	58
	18	21	10	6	32
	59	50	33	28	79
	14	17	10	8	25
Base metals Production - Zinc concentrate - Zinc metal	126	124	62	57	178
	117	116	58	58	174
– Zincor	102	104	50	52	159
– Chifeng (2)	15	12	8	6	15
- Lead concentrate	25	27	12	13	45
Zinc metal sales - Domestic - Export	92	91	46	45	135
	27	28	13	12	43
Total	119	119	59	57	178
Lead concentrate sales - Export (1) The production and sales tonnes ref	35	12	23	6	29

⁽¹⁾ The production and sales tonnes reflect Ticor's 50% interest in its Tiwest joint venture.
(2) The effective interest in the physical information for the Chifeng (Hongye) refinery has been disclosed.

OPERATING RESULTS

OPERATING ## CONTINUES TO PURPLY THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY

The 12-month period to December 2005 was marked by continued excellent operational performance, strong commodity prices and the realisation of benefits from the ongoing business improvement programme. Revenue increased by R3 253 million to R11 962 million and net operating profit, excluding the Hope Downs non-recurring settlement proceeds, by R2 339 million to R3 707 million, resulting in an improved operating margin of 31% for the year.

An average exchange rate of R6,36 to the US dollar was realised compared with R6,51 for the previous 12-month period.

EARNINGS

The significant improvement in net operating profit including a non-recurring settlement of R1 179 million pre-tax for the acquisition of Kumba's interest in the Hope Downs project, after accounting for net financing charges of R231 million and a higher taxation charge of R1 412 million, resulted in attributable earnings increasing by 400% to R3 190 million for the financial year. Headline earnings were 223% higher at R2 373 million or 781 cents per share.

CASH FLOW

Total cash of R3 864 million retained from operations together with the Hope Downs project settlement, was used partly to settle lower finance charges of R189 million, higher cash taxes of R821 million, increased dividends of R1 447 million and the acquisition of the minority interests in Ticor Ltd, Australia for R1 174 million.

This, together with capital expenditure of R1 044 million, of which R655 million was invested in new production capacity, resulted in a net cash inflow of R459 million for the year.

Net debt decreased to R1 391 million, with a debt to equity ratio of 19% at 31 December 2005, from R1 870 and a debt to equity ratio of 29% at 31 December 2004.

SAFETY, HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT

Regrettably, and despite excellent safety achievements at several mines, four fatalities were suffered during the past year, one of which was a public road accident. A further two fatalities occurred at the start of 2006. The group remains committed to achieving a working environment where no fatalities or serious injuries occur. Its ongoing safety awareness and preventative programmes have been strengthened by further initiatives to enhance hazard identification.

The average lost time injury frequency rate per two hundred thousand man-hours worked (LTIFR) for the financial year was 0,52. A larget LTIFR of 0,25 has been set for 2006.

Programmes for HIV/Aids counselling and voluntary testing are in place at all South African operations of the group. The extension of anti-retroviral programmes to all of the group's businesses is progressing well, with most employees who tested HIV-positive during the year now enrolled on the programme. All business units in the group have obtained international environment and safety certifications (ISO 14001 and OHSAS 18001).

SEGMENT RESULTS AND COMPARATIVE EARNINGS

SEGISTERS RESULTS AND COMPAR			12-months ended 31 December		
	2005 Unaudited Rm	2004** Unaudited Rm	2005 Audited Rm	2004* Audited Rm	
REVENUE Iron ore Coal Heavy minerals	3 819 1 159 1 046	2 130 986 847	6 638 2 203 1 928	4 250 1 878 1 662	
Ticor SA Ticor Australia	466 580	266 581	839 1 089	514 1 148	
Base metals Industrial minerals Other	586 55 11	354 51 8	1 070 106 17	812 95 12	
Total	6 676	4 376	11 962	8 709	
NET OPERATING PROFIT fron ore Coal Heavy minerals	1 692 284 173	454 238 156	2 767 554 227	833 430 254	
Ticor SA Ticor Australia	(65) 238	7 149	(79) 306	(10) 264	
Base metals Industrial minerals Other	58 13 1 156	(94) 10 (3)	69 25 1 244	(116) 20 (53)	
Hope Downs*Other	1 179 (23)	(3)	1 179 65	(53)	
Total	3 376	761	4 887	1 368	
EARNINGS Net operating profit Net financing charges Income from equity accounted investments	3 376 (86) 5	761 (142) (3)	4 887 (231) 7	1 368 (287) (23)	
Profit before taxation Taxation Minority interest	3 295 (1 031) (28)	616 (175) (46)	4 663 (1 412) (61)	1 058 (330) (90)	
Net profit attributable to ordinary shareholders	2 236	395	3 190	638	
Adjustments	(826)	22	(817)	96	
Headline earnings	1 410	417	2 373	734	

^{*} A\$236,5 million settlement- and option payment for Kumba's interest in the Hope Downs project.
** Restated as set out in note 1 of the group financial results.

OPERATIONS

Iron Ore

Excellent operating performance at Sishen mine resulted in an all-time production record of 28,5 Mt. Selective mining practices and improved plant efficiencies contributed to this production record representing an increase of 900 000 tonnes over the comparative period. New records were set for railage and exports. Total ore railed increased by 1,4 Mt to 24 Mt while export sales were 1.2 Mt higher at 22,1 Mt, in line with the ongoing expansion and ramp-up of the Sishen-Saldanha export channel.

Despite the break-down of both ship-loaders at the Saldanha Bay iron ore export terminal hampering ship loading in July 2005, all supply commitments to customers were met while stock levels at Saldanha Bay were also increased.

Revenue increased significantly by 56% to R6 638 million and net operating profit by 232% to R2 767 million, with the operating margin improving to 42%. This was due to the excellent operational performance, the substantial iron ore price settlements effective 1 April 2005, business improvement results, and a higher margin sales product mix which more than offset the effects of higher fuel prices and a stronger currency.

Coal

The production of power station (thermal) coal increased by 13% to a record of 14,6 Mt over the comparative period due to improved throughput at Grotogeluk mine and higher final product yield at Leeuwpan. Coking coal production was 136 000 tonnes lower in line with demand.

Sales of power station coal increased by 347 000 tonnes on the comparative period to meet growing local electricity demand. Exports were also at higher volumes, supported by the strong steel and ferro-alloy markets.

Revenue increased by 17% to R2 203 million from the increased sales volumes at higher prices. The higher revenue together with business improvement initiatives resulted in net operating profit improving by 29% to R554 million despite increased stripping costs and fuel prices.

Heavy Minerals

Ticor SA

The furnaces are reaching 85% of their production capacity of 250 000 tonnes per annum. Encouragingly, the ratio of chloride to sulphate slag increased on average from 71 % in the comparative period to 82 % in the year under review. Furnace 1 is planned to be shut temporarily in the current year to effect modifications and improvements that were successfully made to furnace 2 in 2004.

Total production and sales increased in line with the ramp-up of the furnaces. This, together with higher sales prices for zircon and low manganese pig iron, resulted in revenue increasing by 63% to R839 million. The stronger currency, increased raw material costs and the cessation of capitalisation of costs and interest during the construction period more than offset the improved revenues, resulting in a net operating loss of R79 million for the year.

Ticor Australia

Kumba acquired the minority shareholding in Ticor Limited resulting in it becoming a wholly-owned subsidiary and being de-listed from the Australian Stock Exchange (ASX) on 22 November 2005. As a result, Ticor's 40% holding in Ticor SA was re-structured into a direct holding by Kumba.

Mineral production at Ticor's Western Australian operations was marginally lower as a result of a planned shutdown of the dry mill and the re-location of the North mine concentrator. Pigment and synthetic rutile production was in line with the comparative period despite pigment production being impacted by an unscheduled shutdown of a contractor's oxygen plant.

Revenue decreased by 5% over the comparative period as a result of the effects of the final closure of Ticor's chemical business in May 2004. Net operating profit, however, increased by 16% to R306 million as a result of higher pigment and zircon prices, favourable hedging programmes, the elimination of losses recorded by the chemicals business, and the ongoing success of margin improvement initiatives.

Base Wetals

The sale of an additional 23 000 tonnes of lead and a significant increase in the LME-traded zinc price from an average of US\$1 048 per tonne in the comparative period to US\$1 382 per tonne in 2005 resulted in revenue improving by 32% to R1 070 million, despite continued low treatment charges and a stronger currency.

Net operating profit, which improved to R69 million from a loss of R116 million in the comparative period, was due to increased revenues, non-recurrence of impairment charges raised in the comparative period, and the benefits from the business improvement programme.

As reported in the group's interim results for the six months ended 30 June 2005, a provision of R182 million, representing the business unit's best estimate for the environmental rehabilitation of a residue disposal site at the Zincor refinery, was raised against its prior year's retained income. Investigation of viable reclamation alternatives is continuing. The provision at 31 December 2005 amounts to R191 million.

Industrial Minerals

Revenue and net operating profit improved by 12% and 30% respectively due to good operating performance and business improvement initiatives, despite lower market demand.

GROWTH OPPORTUNITIES

Iron Ore

Kumba and Transnet concluded an agreement in February 2005 for the expansion of the Sishen-Saldanha export channel by an additional 11.5 Mtpa of iron ore from 2009. Kumba's iron ore rail allocation will, as a result, increase to 35 Mtpa by 2009 of which 33.2 Mtpa is destined for the export market.

The Sishen Expansion Project (SEP), under construction, is planned to commence delivery of product by mid-2007 and will ramp-up to full capacity of 10Mtpa by the beginning of 2009, in line with the additional export channel capacity expansions agreed with Transact. Improvements identified during the detailed design phase of the project together with higher commodity and labour costs in the construction industry, resulted in an increase in the capital estimate of the project from R3 000 million to R3 600 million.

Due to export logistics constraints, a phased approach for the development of the Sishen South project is currently being investigated jointly between Kumba and Transnet. Final approval of the first phase of 3 Mtpa is expected in the current year upon approval of the application for mining rights and acceptance of the environmental management plan. Further expansion of the mine to around 9 Mtpa during the second phase is dependent on the synchronised expansion of the export channel capacity.

The evaluation of a project to significantly extend the life of the current mine at Thabazimbi by approximately 20 years to provide Mittal Steel (South Africa) with lumpy and fine ore, is expected to be finalised in the current year. If viable and an investment decision is made, production of 2,5 to 3 Mtpa could be achieved in 2009.

COMMENTS (CONTINUED)

The commencement of a bankable feasibility study for the development of a mine to exploit the Faleme iron ore deposit, located in the south-eastern corner of Senegal, and associated infrastructure, has been approved by Kumba. Kumba has exercised its option to acquire a controlling interest in the project. The Senegalese government development company, Miferso, has put Kumba's rights in dispute. Kumba will pursue the legal actions available to it in order to preserve its contractual rights.

Coal

The jig plant at Leeuwpan at a capital cost of R97 million was successfully commissioned in the third quarter of 2005 with full ramp-up scheduled for the first quarter of 2006. Once in full production, Leeuwpan will supply an additional 1 Mtpa of power station coal to Eskom

Construction of the R323 million new coal benefication module (GG6) at Grootegeluk mine has commenced and is due for commissioning in the fourth quarter of 2006. The plant will beneficiate coal previously sent to the adjacent Matimba power station and will supply 530 000 tonnes per annum of semi-soft coking coal to the coking plants being refurbished by Mittal Steel (South Africa) at its Newcastle facility.

The Richards Bay Coal Terminal (RBCT) announced in November 2005 the go-ahead for the RBCT Phase V expansion. This has triggered the 1 Mtpa expart-focused Inyanda mine near Witbank which is a 50:50 joint venture operation producing high quality thermal coal between Kumba and Eyesizwe Coal. Construction of the mine, at a capital cost of some R184 million, will commence during the second quarter of 2006 and commissioning of the mine is planned for December 2007. The expansion at RBCT will provide Kumba with a 2,5 Mtpa export allocation to be filled by production from the Inyanda mine and expanded output at the Grootegeluk and Leeuwpan mines.

Following encouraging exploration results, Kumba will conclude a joint venture agreement with Anglo Coal Australia in the first quarter of 2006 to undertake a feasibility study on the high-grade coking coal resource on the adjacent properties of Moranbah South and Grosvenor South in Queensland, Australia.

A feasibility study on the possibility of producing char for the ferro-alloy industry was completed during the year. Board approval for construction at a capital cost of R210 million for initial production of 80 000 tonnes per annum and ramping up to 160 000 tonnes per annum by 2008, was given. The approval is conditional upon the conclusion of off-take agreements and an environmental impact assessment

Heavy MineralsCommencement of construction of the Fairbreeze project, subject to board approval is planned in the first half of 2006, with commissioning in the third quarter of 2008.

The bankable feasibility study on the Toliara Sands Project in south-west Madagascar has commenced and will be completed in early 2007. The currently delineated deposit within the Toliara Sands Project is capable of providing long-term ilmenite feedstock to the Ticor SA furnaces.

AlloyStream™

Good progress has been made on the commercialisation of AlloyStreamTM, the proprietary technology that allows the use of fine un-agglomerated ore and non-coking coal to produce high carbon ferro-manganese

TRANSFORMATION TRANSACTION

On 13 October 2005 Kumba, its holding company Anglo American, and Eyesizwe Mining, together with the Industrial Development Corporation, the Tiso Consortium, the Evabantu Consortium, a Northern Cape Community Group and the South African Women in Mining Association, jointly announced the largest empowerment transaction to be implemented to date in South Africa.

The parties have completed their due diligence investigations and are in the process of finalising the valuations and the requisite legal agreements. It is envisaged that the transaction will be implemented in the second quarter of 2006.

QUITI OOK

Buoyant market demand for the group's portfolio of commodities, except titanium dioxide feedstock where surplus supply exists, is expected to support strong price levels. This, together with the ongoing benefits of Kumba's business improvement programme, is expected to have a positive impact on the group's results for the next six months.

The stronger Rand will, however, affect earnings.

FINAL DIVIDEND

The directors have declared a final dividend, number 7 of 160 cents per share in respect of the 2005 financial year. The dividend has been declared in South African currency and is payable to shareholders recorded in the books of the company at close of business on Friday, 10 March 2006.

In compliance with the electronic settlement system of JSE Limited, the following dates are applicable

Last date to trade cum dividend Shares trade ex dividend

Friday, 3 March 2005 Monday, 6 March 2006 Friday, 10 March 2006 Monday, 13 March 2006

Payment date

Share certificates may not be dematerialised or rematerialised between Monday. 6 March 2006 and Friday, 10 March 2005, both days inclusive

On behalf of the Board

AJ Morgan

Dr CJ Fauconnier

DJ van Staden

(Chief Executive)

(Executive Director, Finance)

17 February 2006

ADMINISTRATION

KUMBA RESOURCES LIMITED

REGISTRATION

NUMBER

JSE SHARE CODE

ADR CODE

ISIN CODE

REGISTERED OFFICE

TEL NO FAX NO

TRANSFER

SECRETARIES

DIRECTORS

COMPANY SECRETARY

CORPORATE AFFAIRS AND INVESTOR RELATIONS

SPONSOR

2000/011076/06

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This report is available at the Kumba Resources website at:

http://www.kumbaresources.com





FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2005



HARNESSINE THE POWER OF THE EART

www.kumbaresources.co



KUMBA RESOURCES

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DISCLAIMER

This presentation includes certain information that is based on management's reasonable expectations and assumptions. These "forward looking statements" include, but are not limited to, statements regarding estimates, intentions and beliefs, as well as anticipated future productions, reserves, cost and market conditions. While management has prepared this information using the best of their experience and judgement, in all good faith, there are risks and uncertainties involved which could cause results to differ from projections

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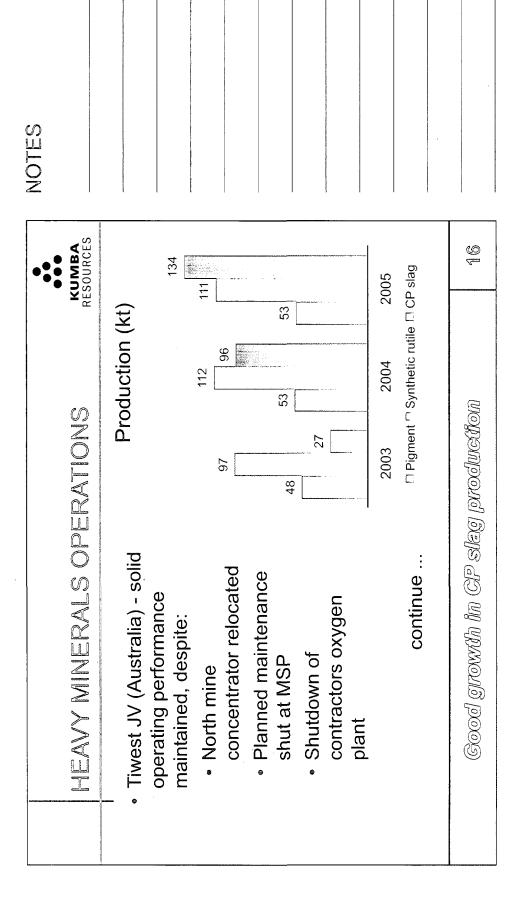
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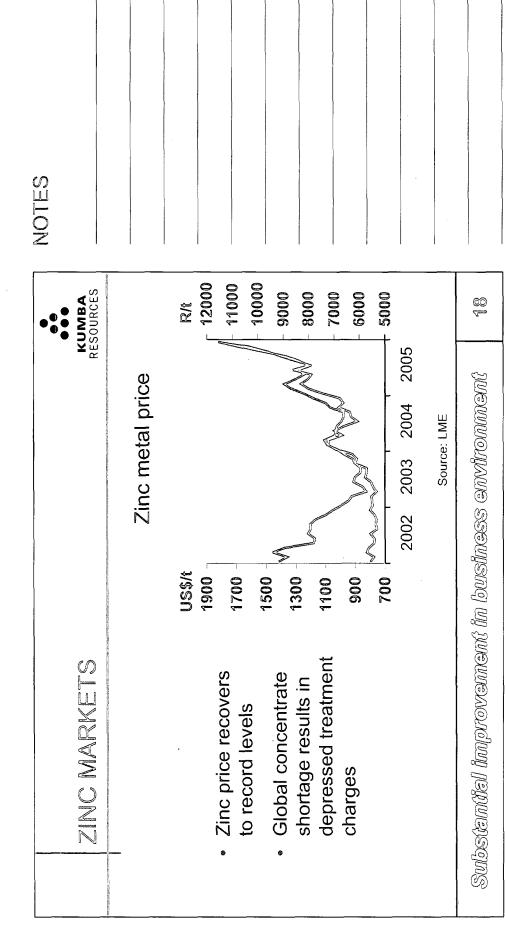
KEY FINANCIALS
S
KUMBA RESOURCES

OPERATIONS

NOTES								
KUMBA RESOURCES			2	2005		0.52	1000	conz
	Fatalities	л 1Н □2Н		2003 2004	LTIFR	0.53 0.51	1	2003 2004
		e e	Ŋ	2002	9.0			2007 7 11 5 11 5 11 5 11 5 11 5 11 5 11 5 1
SAFETY, HEALTH & ENVIRONMENT	Safety	 Regrettably four fatalities incurred in 2005 	 Notable safety achievements in 2005 	 Improved LTIFR in 2H05 	 Tshikondeni recognised for the most improved safety in SA coal mines 	 Thabazimbi fatality free for three years 	• Sishen achieved three	Thimon man nours Lilliee 2002 2003 2

NOTES **KUMBA** RESOURCES 12 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 Sishen-Saldanha rail performance ☐ Kumba SALDANHA EXPORT PERFORMANCE Expension project delivers cepecity growth 15 Ž 25 20 10 22.1Mt, despite setback of Record tonnage railed to Port and rail expansions Saldanha port - 24.0Mt New record exports yield record capacity ship loader failure





S H S									
KUMBA	entrate	25	126	2005		15	102	2005	10
Y u	Zinc concentrate	27 25	124	2004		12	104	2004	
	ate 🗆 Le	34	108	2003	hifena	E E	111	2003	
	concentra		76	2002	Zincor Chifena	5	109	2002	<u> </u>
02	Zinc		71	2001	Zinc		108	2001	Mewer
BASE WETALS OPERATING RESULTS		Concentrate production (kt)	 Sustained good results at Rosh Pinah 		Zn metal production (kt)	 Good performance from Chifeng smelter in China 	 Production at Zincor influenced by poor 	concentrate quality	Sustalined production levels

FINANCIALS

			•••
L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L			KUMBA RESOURCES
R million	FY05	12M04	% Change
Iron Ore	6 638	4 250	56
Coal	2 203	1 878	17
Heavy Minerals - Ticor SA - Ticor Australia	60 00 60 00 60 00	514	63 (5)
Base Metals	1 070	812	32
Industrial Minerals	106	95	12
Other		12	42
Total	11 962	8 709	37
R/US\$ exchange rate realised	6.36	6.51	
MLE IN SMUSACH	%1E IN		22
The state of the s			1

NOTES

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	EBIT / MARGIN	FY05	Rm (%)	2 767 42	554 25	Heavy Winerals - Ticor SA (79)	9 69	26 25	1 180	64	4 887 41	4 541	EEM UD 171%, exel Hope Downs
	Explained by the second	12M04	Rm	833	430	(10) 264	(116)	20	1	(53)	1 368	2 072	OWINS
			i) (%)	20	23	23		21			16		
•••	KUMBA RESOURCES	% Change	(in Rand)	232	29	16		30			257	119	23
NOTES			and a second sec										

NO LES			
KUMBA RESOURCES	2		Z.
KA RES	4 887	FY05 EBIT	
	1 231	sməti gnirinən-noM	F
	3 656	TIB∃ "Core" EBIT	A MISSE
12.	851	KBIP savings realised	ANS ME
	[181)	Distribution cost	EWEG]
2	(495)	st tion Volume	MEME
OMPARISON	(331)	Production Cost	ess limprovement benefits realised
MON	45	Exchange rate	ම ගියාල
	2 399	oping & emulo√	Busines
	R million	1SM04 EBIT	BW
T	A E		

		ţ	• • •	NOTES
EARNINGS		61466 July 1	KUMBA RESOURCES	
R million	FY05	12M04	% Change	
	4 887	1 368	257	
Net financing cost	(231)	(287)	20	
Equity income/(loss)		(23)		
Taxation	(1412)	(330)	(328)	
Profit after taxation	3 251	728	347	
Minority interest	(64)	(06)	32	
Attributable earnings	3 190	638	400	
Attributable earnings per share (cents)	1 049	213	392	
Final dividend per share (cents)	160	06		
Total dividend per share (cents)	540	125		
Altificateles enmings up 400%	3 ap 400%		25	
**************************************	***************************************			

HEADLINE FARNINGS			KUMBA RESOURCES	
R million	TY05	12M04	% Change	The second secon
Attributable earnings	3 190	638	400	
Adjustments:				
Impairment charges	78	(57)		
Net deficit on asset	2	109		
Net (surplus) on disposal of investment	(1 179)	_		
Closure cost	9	35		The state of the s
Excess over cost of acquisition	(36)	1		
Goodwill and exceptionals of associates	Q.	25		_
Minority interest on adjustment		ı		
Taxation effect	428	(17)		
Headline earnings	2 373	734	223	
Headline earnings per share (cents)	20	245	219	
Average number of shares in issue (million)	304	300		
Herdiline etmings up 223%	223%		26	

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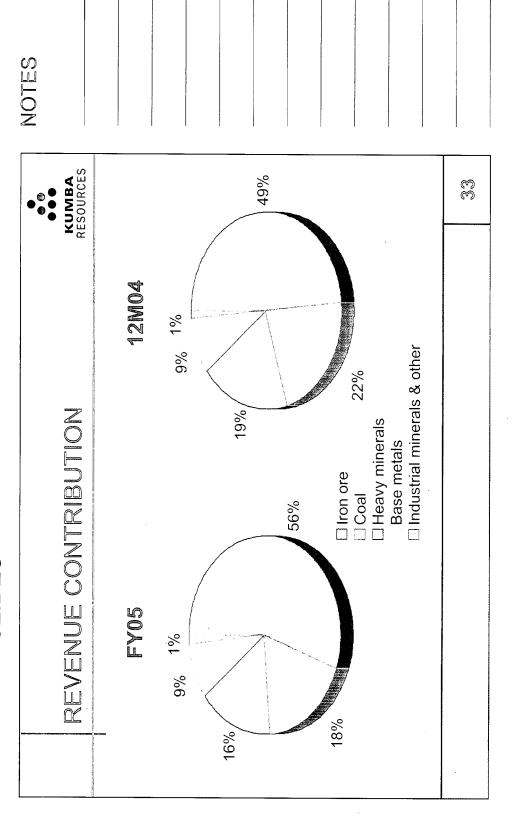
		• • •	9
CASH FLOW		KUMBA RESOURCES	
R million	FY05	12M04	
Opening net debt	1 870	2 563	
Net cash flow from operating activities	3 864	2 035	
Financing cost, taxation & dividends	(2 457)	(581)	
Net cash used in investing activities	(2 2 18)	(888)	
New capacity	(652)	(487)	
Other capital expenditure	(388)	(399)	
Acquisition of Ticor Ltd minorities	(1 174)	1	
Asset disposals	23	20	
Hope Downs settlement	1 179	ı	
Share issue	128	ı	
Other mover	(40)	75	
Decrease in net debt	479	693	
Closing net debt	1 391	1 870	
		27	

KUMBA RESOURCES	12M04		16	24		5	'	12	29		28
	FY05		20	38		2	70	33	<u>e</u>		
RATIOS		Operating margins*	EBIT (%)	EBITDA (%)	Net financing cost cover*	EBIT (times)	EBITDA (times)	Return on equity - attributable income (%)*	Net debt / equity (%)	* Excluding Hope Downs	Robust fimemetal redos

PROJECTS & OUTLOOK

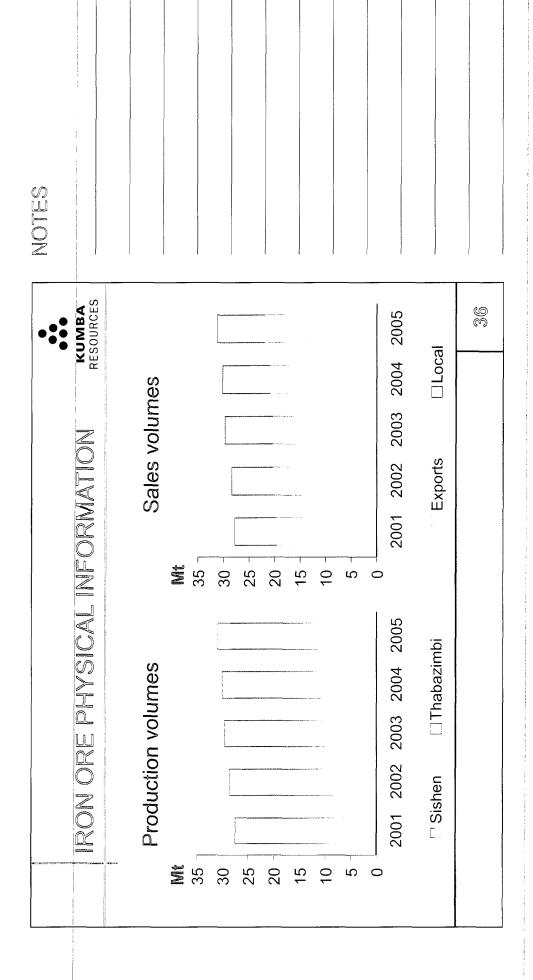
NOTES											
KUMBA KESOURCES											30
	Sishen Expansion Project (SEP)	Sishen South - Phase 1 (3Mtpa) Faleme (Senegal)	GG6 Phase 1	Sintel Char (SChar)	RBCT Phase V / Inyanda Coal JV	Moranbah South (Australia)	Fairbreeze	Toliara Sands (Madagascar)	Chifeng expansion with NFC	Campaign 3 completed	Expension profects under way
GROWTH PROJECTS	Iron ore		Coal				Heavy minerals		Base metals	AlloyStream™	(Expension

ADDITIONAL SLIDES



GROUP FINANCIAL RESULTS PRESENTATION 2005

NOTES										
KUMBA	ALGOUNGES	cember		%	change	392	219			32
	And the state of t	12-month comparable periods ended 31 December		2004	Restated*	213	245	300	g Standards	
		periods er		%	change	364	203		cial Reportine	
EARNINGS	A THE STREET WAS A	omparable	Disclosed in 2004	annual	report	226	258	300	ational Finan	
	ANTERNATIONAL SECTION OF THE SECTION	2-month co			FY05	1 049	781	304	ges in Interna	
RESTATEMENT OF		~				Attributable earnings per share (cents)	Headline earnings per share (cents)	Weighted average number of shares	* Restated to reflect changes in International Financial Reporting Standards	



•:	KUMBA RESOURCES	12M04	260	152	188	45	9	∞	629	ස ක
DAMORTISATION		FY05	364	166	304	20	9	60	© 00 00	
DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION		R million	Iron Ore	Coal	Heavy Minerals	Base Metals	Industrial Minerals	Corporate	Total	

NOTES											
KUMBA RESOURCES	12M04	399		38	99	351	. 1	32	1	988	(S) (N)
	FY05	388	n manner s'abstacle	274	89 1	99		O	8	1044	
CAPTAL EXPENDITURE	R million	Sustaining and environmental	Expansion	• Iron ore	。Coal	• Ticor SA	• Ticor Australia	∘ Base Metals	 Industrial Minerals and Other 		

DEBT STRUCTURE Resources	NO HON											
### Drawn Undrawn Maturity Drawn Undrawn Maturity Maturity 2 649 487 2006 2007 2 649 487 2006 2008 2008 2008 2 869 171 2009 2 874 391 1 391 1 391 1 391	•••	KUMBA RESOURCES	rofile	989	932	485	218	328	2 649			40
### Drawn Undrawn ate ### 2649 487 Minerals project finance 869 171 316			Maturity p	2006	2007	2008	2009	After 2009	•			·
m ate Winerals project finance watralia d cash equivalents (Undrawn	187	316	W. W. W.	171				The state of the s	
mate Minerals project finance watralia d cash equivalents			Drawn	2649	1 191	869	589	225	2874	(1 483)	1 391	
<u></u>		DEBT STRUCTURE	R million	Long term	Corporate	Heavy Minerals project finance	Ticor Australia	Short term	Total debt	Cash and cash equivalents	Net debt	



NOTES

PROJECT DETAILS

	Scope	Estimated Capex*	Approval date	Estimated start-up date
Sishen Expansion Project (SEP)	10Mtpa	R3.60bn	Feb 2005	Q2 2007
Sishen South - Phase 1	3Mtpa	R999m		Q4 2007
Faleme (Senegal)	12Mtpa	US\$950m		2011
GG6 Phase 1	750ktpa	R323m	Feb 2005	Q4 2006
Sintel Char (SChar)	160ktpa	R210m	Aug 2005	Q2 2007
RBCT Phase V / Inyanda Coal JV	1Mtpa	R184m		Q2 2008
Moranbah South (Australia)	3.5Mtpa	A\$310m	2	
Fairbreeze	300ktpa**	R645m		Q3 2008
Toliara Sands (Madagascar)	560ktpa**	US\$127m		Q3 2009
Chifeng expansion	60ktpa			Q1 2007

* Capital estimates being updated in view of rising construction costs

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NOTES									
•••	KUMBA RESOURCES		3 March 2006	6 March 2006	10 March 2006	13 March 2006	20 March 2006	12 April 2006	6,2
	SALIENT DATES	_	Last day to trade cum dividend	Shares trade ex dividend	Record date	Payment date	Release of Annual Report	Annual General Meeting	